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IN 1910 crowds gathered—and horses died—whenever man and mare tried to fly their wings. That year *Alvin Lockwood* exhibited a jumbo-type airplane to a group of southern Californians, where it flew successfully, and a few years later, Alvin and his brother *William Lockwood* introduced an airplane of their own design (*right*) to the public at the 1915 Pacific International Exposition in San Francisco. It was the first successful tractor-tandem airplane, and today it's the last of a long line of Lockwood aircraft.



THE NEW U.S. AIR FORCE MC-129C, now Lockheed/Boeing, again America's most powerful search radar to help officials for line of sight surveillance. Thanks to the full serving combination of high compression engine and high octane aviation gasoline (in which the MC-129C has an optional engine) it's the only one in the world that can stay airborne for extended periods of time. Soaring radar planes not in production at Lockheed for the U.S. Navy which plans to use them as for Lockheed, forward over the fleet.



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ALUMINUM - NEW YORK - COLUMBUS, CALIFORNIA - ESTABLISHED BY *Blackboard* THE ALUMINUM CO. INC.

Beech Aerospace Co. reveals its new owned T67 jet transport will be named the Stratoslayer. Name selected for the military version Stratoslayer.

Lockheed HT-33, four-engine photo reconnaissance version of the T-37 trainer, is in production at the second builder's, Boeing, Co. 4, plant. Operational endurance of the single-seater jet will be 30% greater than the standard T-37's 1 to 12 min. Deliveries are scheduled for Mutual Defense Assistance Pact countries.

Flying Tiger Line and Shok Airlines have set May 1 as target date for merger of the two air cargo lines, approved by Civil Aeronautics Board last January but delayed by a pilot seniority dispute.

Lowest GCA for small inputs, err U.S. development patterned after small British style (Mitsubishi Wave [in. 1], p. 43), was demonstrated last week by Laboratory for Electronics, Inc., at Boston Logan Airport.

As Transport Air's new airport passenger terminal service commences, it launched a program aimed at increasing and standardizing passenger facilities in airports. Elected to spearhead the job is executive chairman J. H. Franklin, vice president in charge of operations and maintenance for Cape Air Lines.

Brig. Gen. Milton W. Arnold (USAF Ret) vice president of Air Transport Assn., has filed a \$10 million defamation

Arnold says he and his wife were divorced Feb. 17, that she married Bradley last June. Arnold also alleges kidnapping of children of his seven-year-old adopted son.

Col. Wilkins H. Council, 47, who set a speed record on a flight from Los Angeles to New York in an F40 Jan. 26, 1966, has been missing since Apr. 5 on a flight from Farmingdale, N. Y., to Lunenburg, Va., in a T-33.

International

Myron 4-B crashed near Fies, Apr. 3 as the Dassault-built jet fighter started its ground-to-air high-speed sweep before top French and British defense officials, killing test pilot Constantin Roussel. Col. Roussel, 49, commanded the La Fayette fighter group in World War



Eisenhower Signs AF Academy Bill

Sen. Homer Simpson, left, studies around Air Force Secretary Harold Gribble in state President Eisenhower's hand after the Chief Executive had signed a bill establishing a top-secret academy for the Air Force. Air Force Chief of Staff, Gen. Nathan Twiss, (third from left), also witnessed the historic occasion. Twiss has named a nomination to select an Air Academy site, including Chicago's A. Lindbergh. Gribble receives Merrill Meigs; Iowa University president Virgil Blanche, retired Gen. Carl Spaatz, former Air Force Chief of Staff, and Lt. Gen. Robert Pearson, special assistant to Gen. Twiss (also see story p. 37).

Northwest Oilco Auditors report net income of \$1,944,093 for last year up from \$153,336 thru 1952. \$1,730,337. The total included \$1,338,100 in operating income after taxes plus \$402,230 in property sales. NWJ Director took no action at the last annual meeting on the May 1 quarterly dividend on 4.6% cumulative preferred stock, but payment due since Florida R. term expired as preferred.

It said was the first French pilot to fly faster than sound in a plane produced in France.

Turkish State Airlines DC-3 exploded Apr. 5 shortly after taking off from Adana Airport for Ankara and Istanbul. All 25 persons aboard were killed.

Leone Schoewenker, 55, vice president in charge for Salsburg Belgians Architects, died Apr. 1 at Danvers. Paul Struelli has been appointed his successor.

Flight research on jet engine afterburners is being carried out by Canada's National Aeronautics Establishment at Ottawa in a Gloster Meteor loaned by Britain's Ministry of Supply. Knowledge gained from the "most" experiments is expected to be applied to prototypes for new fighters now on Canadian drawing boards.

Philippine Air Lines reports combined net profits of \$18,348 for 1955 from gross revenues totaling \$99,273,111, nearly double 1951's net and 74% higher than the previous year's profit of \$16,928,119. Losses on PAL's international flight operations (American Wings Mail, p. 64) were more than offset by paper profits from the sale of aircraft and earnings from services performed for USAF.

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WHO'S WHERE

In the Front Office

James H. Cooper has resigned as vice president finance for Delta-Calk Air Lines. Joseph E. Gentile, treasurer for Eastern Air Corp., and chief engineer Irving B. Penn have been elected vice presidents of the Delta-Calk, N. J., aviation equipment manufacturers.

R. E. Hefner is now vice president for the Lockheed Corp., Los Angeles. James E. Bryant has been appointed vice manager for Lockheed Corp., a division of the West Coast Electronics Division.

James H. Bryant, vice president long-range operations for Minneapolis-Hannover Engineering Co., has become a director of Pacific West Coast Airlines. A. D. Bryant has been promoted by NWA to assistant controller and R. H. Hefner is now assistant treasurer.

Don Dean F. Woodbridge and Simon Rosen, founders of Rosen Woodbridge Corp., have been elected to the board of Thompson Products, Inc., Cleveland.

Changes

Harvey R. Steadman, Jr., has been appointed manager of Federal Corporation of America's industrial relations department, Minneapolis, Minn.

William L. Don has been promoted by Armstrong Corp. to senior director for the Army (Gulf) and Sacramento (Gulf) Division.

Marion B. Baffie has become director of customer relations for Springer-Gentrop Co., Santa Monica, Calif.

Charles F. McCabe and Joseph H. Pomeroy are new marketing chief engineers for General's Air Drive Division.

Frank L. Argall has resigned as sales director for General Aircraft Co., in Los Angeles. He is now president of the company, and is now president of the company.

Paul Kendera has been appointed assistant vice president for McIntire Corp., Los Angeles.

Joe Roscoe has joined Turboprop Industries, Inc., Hawthorne, Calif., as vice president, supervising development and production of aircraft components.

Don G. Gibson is now assistant factory manager for General Aircraft Co., in Los Angeles. He is now president of the company, and is now president of the company.

John J. Johnson has been named assistant vice president for General Aircraft Co., in Los Angeles.

Bob E. Apps, former publicity representative for the Air American World Airlines, has been appointed to the company's public relations staff.

H. K. Calk is now director of mail service for Delta-Calk Airlines.

Honors and Elections

Gene Leasing, former mechanical engineer, is now chairman of the military council for California University's Institute of Air Flight Structures.

INDUSTRY OBSERVER

►Armament research is barely keeping ahead of the demands of military aircraft, according to recent testimony of top scientists of the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics before the House Appropriations Committee. NACA scientists say the gap between basic research and its application is now so narrow that many of the current generation of high-speed fighters literally have been engineered in the windtunnel.

►Merger of Rome Air Development Center and the Air Force Cambridge Research Center under a single top command is being considered as a means of better integrating basic and defense activities. Merger would not involve physical move of RADC facilities from present location at Griffiss AFB, N. Y. This substantial percentage of non-air defense work at both centers is currently an obstacle to the merger.

►Lockheed F-104 lightweight fighter has made its first official flight, but Air Force, contrary to usual policy of avoiding initial flight, will not let company make announcement or comment. Reports show that the F-104 flew the first of March was instrument-flight was airborne only briefly during this test.

►First installation of Navstar, new long-distance navigation system, which provides both bearing and distance information, will be made near the Rome Air Development Center. Navstar evolution by civil and military agencies is a common system standard for U. S. and possibly worldwide use. (Aviation Week Apr. 5, p. 25), a system in use for 12-15 months. Contract has been awarded to build on Navstar ground equipment.

►Titanium alloy blades for turbojet compressor rotor and stators are now production items. Thompson Products, Inc., is making the parts for U. S. engine manufacturers.

►Allison's X750-Eng. T36 turboprop won first order at end of last month as a new turboprop in a P-17 flying test bed. Start of production buildup for the engine, slated for Convair C-119C and Lockheed C-130, is scheduled next year.

►Tuscon Air Lines soon will flight test a pair of jet auxiliary powerplants on one of its C-46 Convair Commanders, according to industry observers. Installation will be similar to that made by El Al Israel Airlines on its fleet of C-46s. (Aviation Week Apr. 16, 1955, p. 25). The move is to provide greater takeoff payload and safety in event of engine failure.

►Royal Air Force is considering the use of Convair jet turboprops as small turboprops for the Valiant, Vulcan and Victor bombers when BOMC replaces them with later model Convairs.

►Valiant-Aeromarine Aircraft Division reports an order for three Viscounts from Mexico, the Mexican airline, bringing the total number of Viscounts sold to 91. Mexican reports to get delivery of its first Viscount in July 1955.

►Civil Aeronautics Administration reports U. S. airlines had 408 turboprops on order as of Jan. 1, 1955, with 275 planes for delivery before July 1.

►Air Navigation and Development Board traffic control installation is now being used by CAA to develop and test new traffic control procedures for specific congested terminal areas such as Washington, New York, Chicago, Los Angeles and Miami.

►First production F-102 was moved by truck last week from Convair, San Diego, to Edwards AFB. Other production models are on extended line at Convair's plant No. 2.

►New has a new design competition for a new helicopter that can be dropped from aircraft by parachute. Mission would test type of an air transportable helicopter for reconnaissance and communications work as part of their new helicopter vertical-development tactics.

Secrecy Debate

Defense Department's "secret" hearings do not give session an Armed Services Committee at work under system as it is available in the nation's press, according to former Air Force Secretary, Sen. Stuart Symington.

"I get far more information, especially from really important and important people, than I get in any level," says John in the Security Committee on Armed Services, he told the Senate. "If anyone cannot obtain the needed information in method way than by acquisition, acquisition, and the rules, certainly it is better for them to know this than to find out later, even to have the hope it will be given them by someone in charge of the secret forces, not by other government agencies."

Defense Department's "secret-but-not-for-the-people" symposium, said, "was highlighted several weeks ago when the secret forces—through the Defense Department—of the two new heavy bombers with which the Soviets are now equipping their long-range air force" (Aviation Week Feb. 15, p. 12).

He continued in past criticism that "it is plain, however, for the Pentagon to go on easily boasting about America as striking power without at the same time showing a weak and two new and then about Secret in about nothing power."

He described as "a misstatement of fact" a reply he received, after visiting several weeks, to questions he asked as a named member of the Joint Chiefs of Staff in a hearing session.

"Disparaging among the Joint Chiefs of Staff, especially before our committee," he stated, "are subjects which should not be discussed in an effort to obtain a type of harmony, which harmony is unethical and as the best interest of the United States."

Sen. Wayne Morse continued, "It is a sad state of affairs, when a member of the Armed Services Committee of the Senate tells the American people... that in order to obtain information about the state of air defense of the U. S., he has to rely upon magazine articles."

Next Air Show

Air Foundation Inc., anti-profit organization in Cleveland headed by Ford Cleveland of Thompson Products, probably will return to Dayton for its 1954 air show. Defense Department will approve and cooperate with the Dayton show.

Meanwhile, Aircraft Industries Assn. will vote at its May 19-21 board of directors meeting at Williamsburg, Va., on official approval of an annual national aircraft show. Special committee headed by its Editor of Hughes Aircraft has been studying the problem of AIA looking for an annual air show. AIA decision will come two days after the 1954 Dayton show.

Windtunnel Costs

If the Senate passes the \$16-million cut in the operating budget of the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics voted by the House, operation of wind-tunnel type agencies wind-tunnel for the aircraft industry probably will face drastic delays. Past NACA operated nearly wind-tunnel now are scheduled to begin preliminary operations only in fiscal 1955. They will require several hundred million people and a large amount of electric power.

Air Force vs. Army Engineers

Elimination of the USAF Director of Installations to the status of Assistant Chief of Staff for Installations is viewed as a long step in Air Force efforts to direct its base construction program. USAF construction is now handled by the Army Corps of Engineers.

May Gen. Lee B. Wilhelms, a former Army Engineer, will report directly to the USAF Chief of Staff instead of working under the Deputy Chief of Staff for Operations. This position is now occupied by the Army's Chief of Engineers.

Official reason for the change:

- Installation program was falling behind the aircraft and personnel procurement programs in the Air Force expansion, and additional emphasis on base construction and improvement was necessary to assure efficient completion of the 177-wing program.
- Change will permit more effective administration of the Air Force's \$1.5-billion construction program and will reduce the workload of the Deputy Chief of Staff for operations.

The Corps of Engineers, which recently relinquished control of aviation programs to the Air Force, appears to be on the run. But Washington engineers are not selling the Army Engineers short in their fight to retain operational control of the huge USAF construction program.

Reason: The Army Engineers, generally considered to be the most powerful lobby in Washington, are in charge of a substantial portion of fixed control and aerial weapons—the "pink beef" bill—a gross-cost source of political power.

Army Engineers receive a potent influence over Congress because of their authority to decide the "economic feasibility" of such projects. Evaluation Act assigns USAF construction to the Army Engineers, and a change presumably would require congressional action.

Army Engineers receive a potent influence over Congress because of their authority to decide the "economic feasibility" of such projects. Evaluation Act assigns USAF construction to the Army Engineers, and a change presumably would require congressional action.

MATS Reorganization

USAF has completed its plan for reorganization of the Military Air Transport Service and submitted it to Defense Secretary Charles E. Wilson for approval. There is no indication yet whether Defense Department will accept the USAF plan.

National Airport Proposal

Airline officials have had their first look at Chairman Defense Department's proposed bill to reorganize and incorporate Washington National Airport. Reaction has been mixed, but a majority is believed that such a bill, if passed by Congress, could mean doubling their costs for use of the airport facilities.

Based on the House Committee's 1949 recommendations, the measure would provide a basis for using revenues from users of the airport to meet the cost of the operation. The bill would bring in a minimum addition of \$700,000 annually above the \$1.5 million received during each of the past several years.

Budget Bureau has tentatively approved the bill pending consideration by the various involved. Chief opponents to the measure are expected to be Alhambra Air Lines and Capital Airlines, both headquartered at Washington National.

—Washington Staff

- Initial production is held down, but accelerates after tests have ironed out bugs in delivered aircraft.
- Cook-Craigie program is expected to cut costs and set up technically sounder development of output.

By Robert Hutz

A new production program is being applied by the Air Force to virtually all of its new aircraft scheduled to be built in quantity.

Known informally as the Cook-Craigie program and formerly as the Initial Low Rate of Acceptance Production Plan, it is designed to provide for a less expensive and technically sounder development of an aircraft production program in about the same period of time as formerly required.

F-102 Production—Both the Boeing F-102 bomber and the Republic F-105 fighter were put into production under modifications of the plan, but the Convair F-102 intercepter is the first USAF aircraft completely scheduled under the program.

Other new aircraft now in early stages of production coming under the new plan include McDonnell F-101 long-range penetration fighter and the Douglas C-119 and Lockheed C-130 transport transports.

Low-Level Output—Basic feature of the new production program is holding output to a relatively low level (25-30 units per month) for an 18-to-24-month period while an extensive test program is conducted on the aircraft involved. This test program is aimed at working out major bugs in advance, repair and minor components in quality, as possible so that any modifications required can be cooked into the well-controlled production program.

Under the new plan, the accelerated production program will not begin until the end of the 18 to 24-month extensive test period. The length of the initial low production period will vary with the type of aircraft.

For example, an off-the-shelf-type transport or fighter will require very little testing, low lighter type requiring large technical advances will require about 15 months, while new fighters may be beyond 24 months.

► Reorganization—This new program replaces the old development production

cycle that began with the final building of experimental prototypes, flight testing and then testing for quantity production.

During the past of international crises, this cycle frequently was compressed so that production was begun almost before an experimental prototype had time to fly. As a result, hundreds of an aircraft type were produced before the flight test program uncovered defects that would require major modifications.

The only change when this developed was the retrofit modification program that consumed time and money in a large scale and often resulted in grinding combat groups already equipped with the defective aircraft.

► Windtunnel Work—The new cycle demands experimental testing, prototypes and drawings. That aircraft are

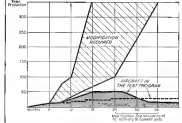
built with production-type testing from production drawings. One of the reasons this new is possible is the extensive wind-tunnel facilities available for private research organizations.

By doing a major portion of the engineering of new designs in company and government-operated wind-tunnels, it is possible to get an initial flight article that performs extremely well on early testing specifications developed from wind-tunnel work.

► Tests Complete—Beginning production testing from the first phase of the development production cycle may save about 18 months' time in testing over the old method. This time is devoted to building aircraft primarily for an extensive and accelerated test program. Modern aircraft now are so complex that instead of a year of experimental prototypes formerly used, nearly 30 aircraft are necessary for a complete test program.

With the process of production testing, low-rate production and flight testing taking place simultaneously, it is possible to reach a decision toward the end of the low-rate production period.

► Whether the large-scale production program should be scrapped because of



OLD AND NEW PRODUCTION SCHEDULES are compared in the chart. First heavy build-up testing low rate output at production acceleration after a new plane has started test. Second build-up testing low rate output, and then new output. The dashed line and curve between the two bold lines indicates the number of aircraft built under the old system that would need modification before entering combat-ready status.

technical deficiencies in the aircraft or its equipment.

- What modifications will be required for the large-scale production?
- When the program can begin to deliver combat-ready equipment to front lines?
- F-86 Gamble—Under the old method of production, it was possible to produce a large number of aircraft in the 15-to-24 month period of initial production, but usually most of these aircraft were not combat-ready and had to be sent through a modification center before they were ready for tactical use.

One of the major exceptions to this rule was the F-86 when USAF gambled on volume production of a technically advanced aircraft type and emerged with a relatively light, lightweight fighter in sufficient quantity to at least hold off the Russian MIG-17 in Korea.

In the new program, USAF regards its research and development money expended on new aircraft types as essentially risk money. By keeping initial production low until sufficient actual performance data can be obtained, it avoids making large quantities of production funds on steel speculative projects.

• **Waste Old Shell**—Under the new system, if USAF decides to abandon a project before accelerated production begins, it has lost only its development funds and some production tooling costs.

But under the old system, USAF already had accumulated a large production inventory of unsuitable items by the time technical deficiencies became apparent and the military was to try to "milk old dogs" with a modification program instead of working out the pro-

grams and matching money to meet program development.

The slow initial production plan provides USAF with a method of developing new aircraft and its equipment on a technically sounder and less expensive basis within the same time period and also provides a basis for first experience in event of emergency. For example, while the F-102 is scheduled for relatively low-rate production for some time ahead, bulk of production tooling already has been installed and in event of emergency the production rate could be shifted into a very rapid without any of the major problems that characterized the post-Korean production experience.

• **Definite Goal**—Another advantage for USAF is that in the current period of a buyer's market for military aircraft, it gives the military a better opportunity

to evaluate new products before committing large-scale production funds.

USAF also believes the plan will give the contractor a more definite goal toward which to direct his planning on new equipment and will result in a more stable question for the actual industry.

Definitely Cycle-It also will prevent both the prime contractor and sub-contractors from accumulating large inventories of unsuitable tooling, material and parts made obsolete by the "crash" modification programs of the past. Under the new program, such modifications will be made during the low-volume production program. Generally,

the type of modification does not involve large tooling changes.

Modification programs of the future are expected to be orderly cycle of installing "bits of the art" (improvements) into aircraft type at regular intervals in order to prolong their life in the active USAF inventory.

The initial low-rate production plan was developed about two years ago as part of the USAF "new look" at its development and production problems on new weapons systems.

Gen. Lawrence G. Donald, USAF Chief of Staff, generally is credited as being principally responsible for introducing the plan.

ing production schedules or increasing costs, and 35% of the human factors from re-evaluation were accounted for in the B-52 by Boeing engineers. Despite the fact that the full review of the program was made after finding no significant production problems and production of the aircraft had begun.

Among the changes made in the B-52 by human factors considerations were:

- **Warning bell for emergency escape.** With the pressure helmet on, the old system of using an auditory signal to signal an emergency bailout situation no longer is adequate because with the pressure suit helmet on, the crew member cannot hear the signal.

Corrective action: Installation of a flashing red light in plain view of the crew member in the visual sound combination of the emergency.

- **Reduction of unavailability.** Some of the aircraft's critical components, such as FUEL, were vulnerable to the pilot but not the cockpit. If an emergency escape was initiated, the pilot was unavailability, the cockpit would have difficulty completing the escape from the cockpit area.

Corrective action: Central panel by either of these indications, when both the pilot and cockpit can see them equally well.

- **Clearance to walkways.** It was noted that crew members with flight gear on had considerable difficulty getting through the various walkways between various compartments. Under standard emergency conditions, the crew without flight gear could lead to loss of life or unnecessary loss of money.

Corrective action: Provide suitable hand holds (straps) along the walkways to provide means of propelling oneself from one space to another. Elimination of sharp corners and edges that might cause crew injury in rapid movement through sections.

- **Full power's work space.** The work space of the full power was so designed that he had extreme difficulty in getting in and out of his seat with required equipment. In addition, he could not look into the engine and at the same time operate the control handle freely due to misalignment of lines on control handles. This structural line layout of movement and extremely reduced his functional efficiency in performing the job. Cleared position protruded to rely better and made it extremely difficult to get out of his position under emergency conditions, by any means other than performing the full power.

Corrective action: Repositioning of seat and gun mount with removal of surrounding components.

- **Radio control: unavailability.** The ad-hoc controls for the (spare) radio and control upgrade in the B-52/AFS 21 was situated too far away from

Human Factors

Man Still Superior to 'Gadgets'

Aero Med meeting hears how ARDC tailors a weapon such as the B-52 to human capabilities and needs.

Human beings cannot be displaced by gadgets at the present time for the operations of most air weapons systems. Col. Don Pickinger told the 19th annual convention of the Aero Medical Association in Washington, D. C.

Col. Pickinger, director of research for the USAF Air Research and Development Command, said the human being still is superior to electro-mechanical gadgets for operating an airplane because of lower cost, less weight and more technical "know-how."

• **Visual Link**—"The tremendous advances made in electronics and electronics have greatly narrowed the operational potential of the current aircraft system but, at the same time, have made the crew member a link of more vital importance to the system than ever before," he said.

"Accepting this essentiality of the human element, we substantially must accept the necessity for careful planning towards the optimal integration into the total weapons system. Any performance capability researched and incorporated into the hardware of a weapon which is over and above the capability of the crew member to use is wasted effort in terms of potential advantages over the enemy but also in terms of cost and technical effort."

• **Human Engineering**—Pickinger described the work of a specific ARDC human factors team assigned to the Boeing B-52 Stratofortress as an example of how human engineering is applied to a specific weapon. The human factors team for a specific weapon is assigned about six to ten members below the formal cockpit line on the weapon and is charged with complete responsibility of modifying the pro-

ducting human factors technical support.

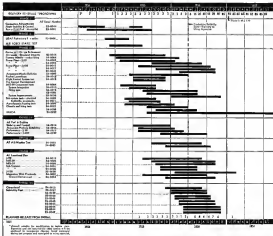
A typical human factors team is headed by a flight surgeon, physiologist or other engineering officer and has the following members: anthropologist, physiologist, bio-psychologist, personnel equipment officer, aircraft contractor representative, and a representative from USAF command scheduled to use the weapon. Officers from ARDC Human Factors Directorate, USAF Flight Test Center, Flight Safety Directorate and subcontractors are assigned to work with the team.

• **Early Detection**—"As a result of the human factor studies made on the B-52 and its crew operations, a number of deficiencies were uncovered that formerly would have gone undetected until they appeared through actual operational use of the plane."

Most of the defects could be corrected by the contractor without delay



PICKINGER—Man is the vital link



HOW SLOW INITIAL PRODUCTION PROGRAM would apply to a new interceptor is shown in this chart, defining test program for component elements. First is the prototype F-105 intercepter. The F-105 is designed for control system a designated MIG-19. Even if prototyping program is delayed, the F-105 is shown to be fully powered by the emergency 100 engine but that phase into the 1000 while acceleration of production starts.

the helicopter, requiring him to re-engineer the post and get out of his seat in order to adjust these controls. While adjusting them he could not look simultaneously at the face of the radar scope. In addition to being a very poor functional assessment, it created a slight hazard to the new operator in that he is temporarily out of his eyes from use and appropriate time would be required to reorient and readjust himself back into position ready for emergency operation.

Collective action. Redefinition and redesign of controls.

► **Functional Effectiveness.** Col. Fiddler still experiences great difficulty when activating the B-47, B-57, F-105, F-100 and other weapon system indicators that, no matter how carefully each individual crew member is studied, the true and final evaluation of total crew capability to operate the system as required cannot be accomplished prior to the postwork inspection.

At that time, an actual crew with full equipment must be checked out on a clearly delineated operational mission to determine their functional effectiveness both as individuals and as a total team.

► **Changes Planned.** With the exception of structural changes in the basic airplane or major components, engineers also has indicated it almost never is too late to incorporate new information of an undesirable crew situation, provided the basic human factors data for the change comes in from the con-

tractor can apply and there is unanimous agreement between ARDC, the wing command, and the contractor on the need for the change.

Fiddler reviewed the program route to date in developing human factors work for ARDC and applying it to the entire development cycle of the weapons system. He cited the following major deficiencies still existing in human factors work:

► Lack of fundamental data in the human factors field that is available to engineers in usable form.

► Lack of a comprehensive plan for collection, accumulation and dissemination of data to working groups of scientists and engineers.

► Lack of training programs, either military or academic, directed toward greater integration of sciences knowledge and skills required by life and engineering scientists to prepare them for work in the highly complex field of man-machine optimum performance.

Airpower Fight

► **GOP senator challenges Democratic criticism.**

► **Ferguson says buildup 'making real headway.'**

The congressional airpower fight has moved forward with a rebuff by Republican Sen. Homer Ferguson, to a

speech by Democratic Sen. Stuart Symington concerning the Administration for delaying two years the start of a 135-wing combat force. (Avarion Week April 8, p. 32).

Ferguson, chairman of the Military Appropriations Subcommittee, declared: "We believe that our air modernization has been delayed two years, so that we could have had 145 wings (120 combat and 17 transport) by June 30, 1975, as based on the design of three years ago and not on the reality of the situation then, at any time since then. What we have now is a solid program which is making no headway."

► **Obligation.** Critics-Ferguson said he felt that USAF has made a net obligation of only \$108 million against six procurement funds since the start of fiscal 1974 but July is due to considerable extent to a loan and credits in what constitutes an obligation.

"During past years the obligation of an obligation was in some cases sufficient basis for the Air Force to record the amount as if they were actually obligations—in other words, confirmed by law," he said. "During the past months, it has been necessary to delete from the obligation records many of the amounts previously recorded as obligations."

Ferguson challenged Washington's statement that, although the Soviet air force is now more than one-half jet equipped, "under the Administration's new support program, our own air units—Air Force, Navy and Marine—will not be 50% jet-equipped until 1977, three years from now."

► **Commitment Expended.** The GOP senator declared: "The Air Force combat wings today are 88% jet-equipped and will be 94% jet-equipped by the end of fiscal 1975. Similarly, the Navy and Marine fleet combat units are currently 90% jet-equipped and this proportion will increase markedly during the next several years."

Consolidation of 955 planes, Ferguson reported, "was made by the Air Staff of the Air Force because the planes were found to be excess of the needs of a full 145-wing program. In short, the program was not properly designed."

"The bulk of the funds which had been programmed for the planes discarded has been channeled into increased procurement of our latest and best: long-range heavy bomber, the Boeing B-52, and the most advanced jet fighter that is ready for production, the North American F-105, a faster, more powerful version of the F-4E. The balance of these funds will be used for the procurement of even more modern aircraft."

Ferguson and Symington's new "law in direct conflict with the President and chairman of the House Select Committee on Intelligence, who said on April 1, for one, intend to place emphasis on their views."

New Copter Firm

► **Fairchild adds American Helicopter as division.**

► **Plastics, pulsejet projects are included in purchase.**

President of American Helicopter Co. by Fairchild Engine & Airplane Corp. (Avarion Week May 1, p. 7) joins the transport plane builder on entry into the U. S. Army Transportation Corps' expanding copter development program.

American Helicopter, now operating as a division of Fairchild EAC, also provides the company with assistance in development of weight-improved rotary powerplants, shockless piston engines, structures and electromechanical structures—beginning Fairchild's nuclear and development.

Last November, Fairchild acquired the Speed Control Division, which makes speed and torque control devices for industrial machines. The firm long has operated turbines, aircraft accessories, engine and auxiliary devices.

► **Pulsed Engines.** American Helicopter is producing the XH-35, single-engine pulsejet-powered copter for the Army, with delivery scheduled for fall of 1974.

The new Fairchild Division also is developing a pulsejet-powered aircraft for a 5,000-lb.-payload cargo helicopter, involving study of a pulsejet engine and complete preliminary design of a copter meeting Army's requirement for a three-ton-payload aircraft (see article's details).

► **Plant Construction.** The copter builder has three facilities totaling 50,000 sq ft. General administrative and engineering offices are at Washington, Brook, Calif.; plastics development is handled at Costa Mesa, Calif., and powerplant what test facilities are concentrated at Mesa, Ariz.

The firm has been an Air Force prime contractor in copter and engine development since 1949.

Gordon D. Doney, formerly president and general manager of ABC, has become general manager of Fairchild's American Helicopter Division, and Howard E. Roberts, vice president-engineering, continues as director of operations.

Airlines Delinquent

On AF Gas Payments

Senate Armed Services Subcommittee on transportation has learned that 18 airlines owe an USAF bills on April 1 at delinquency in amounts of \$1,000 or more. The Senate hearings disclosed



THREE-TON PAYLOAD COPTER, a one of design projects of new Fairchild division.



XH-35 JET COPTER, designed by American Helicopter Division, performs flight tests.



XH-35 OUTPUT at Fairchild's American Helicopter Division, Washington, Brook, Calif.

that in many cases USAF was not aware of what airlines owe or money for fuel purchases (Avarion Week April 8, p. 15).

The firms listed as delinquent: Continental Airlines, \$16,327; Miami Airlines, \$16,616; Piedmont Airlines, \$5,084; U. S. Central Air-



General Vandenberg Dies

The Air Force lost one of its greatest officers with the death April 2 at Fort Belvoir, Ill., of Gen. Hoyt S. Vandenberg at the age of 75 following a long illness. "His remarkable pioneering work shows a hard Vandenberg making a last visit at a Senate Appropriations Subcommittee hearing in Washington, June 3, 1971, during which he challenged the new Administration's plan to cut down and stretch out

what he termed the "one shot" 349-wing USAF program. General Vandenberg was held in Washington's National Cathedral with President Eisenhower leading the host of attending officials. Buried now at Arlington National Cemetery with thousands of F-24 and B-47 jets overhead in South Dakota, the soon to be USAF Chief of Staff from April 1945 to June 1953 showed a 30-year military career.

lines, \$45,110; U. S. Airlines, \$142,196; Concor Air Lines, \$94,084; Lake County Airlines, \$143,360; Ragusa Cargo Lines, \$1,550; West Air Transport, \$3,451.

Associated Air Transport, \$12,968; Coast Lakes Airlines, \$1,466; North American Food Carriers, \$12,616; Economy Airways, \$7,616; Frontier Air Transport, \$1,246; Air Transport Associates, \$7,211; Goldenrod Air Charter, \$1,504; Midwest Air Transport, \$12,718, \$ 6.50, \$9,968.

PAA Expects Credit Plan to Boost Traffic

For American World Airways expects a 25% increase in company traffic this year as a result of its new "pay later" plan, whereby aircraft passengers are permitted to pay for tickets in monthly installments (Aviation Week May 28, p. 7).

Scheduled to go into effect May 1, the plan will cover flights from the U. S. to any of the 11 countries served by Pan American or its affiliated companies. A 10% down payment buys the ticket, with the balance payable over 20 monthly installments.

Financing may come all changes in an international sale, or on the air line alone. On passenger travel, it was to be used for surface transportation, hotels, special accommodations and outboardings.

At Taval (Mid-South) factor influence PAN's adoption of credit, says Willie G. Lipcovich, vice president traffic and sales.

International travel has not been at meeting its level of the consumer's disposable income.

Travel companies for the passenger offer with automobiles, television sets, home appliances and other heavy luxury items—of course—on a time-payment plan.

Installment buying has become an integral part of the American economy in almost all phases of consumer buying.

Aeroflot Buys French Jet Thrust-Reverser

Aviastar-General Corp., Ararat, Calif., has completed a licensing agreement with Sormas to build the French engine manufacturers' jet thrust-reversing device in the U. S.

The Sormas thrust-reverser is applicable to any turbojet engine, Aeroflot says, and is designed to stop a jet plane in about half the distance normally required.

Former Secretary of the Navy Don Kinchel, now Aeroflot General president, says, "This thrust-reverser provides a tremendous product to use as

early developed jet-jet thrust unit for safe aircraft takeoffs."

Basically, the Sormas unit uses an air blast piped from the engine's compressor to drive the jet flow side-jet deflector, which completes the reversing system. The unit is completely retractable and retractable by the pilot (Radio details of the Sormas device were carried in Aviation Week June 8, 1953, p. 48 and Jan. 30, p. 38).

Sormas has flight tested its thrust-reverser in a de Havilland Vampire jet fighter powered by a DH Golden Spirit when competitors, namely Boeing Argonair Co. and de Havilland, are known to be developing jet reversal units for landing purposes.

C-46 Fixes

- CAB submits two plans for air industry study.
- ATA favors \$65,000 modification proposal.

Civil Aeronautics Board last week submitted two proposals for modification of Curtiss C-46 aircraft to the aviation industry for comments before deciding which will be approved for certification of the transport.

Industry will have a chance to study the proposals of Aircraft Engineering Foundation, estimated to cost \$15,000 for each C-46, and that of Air Craft Engineering Services, expected to cost approximately \$65,000 per airplane.

ATA backs ACES—AEP, in comparison of 51 operators owning 150 C-46s, has been studying the modification problem at Los Angeles, since last August with cooperation of Civil Aeronautics Administration.

Air Transport Association is backing the ACES proposal, which it feels more effective in upgrading the C-46 to meet current safety requirements.

ATA is interested in the C-46's future because Aeroflot, a customer, has one of the transports in operation and is interested in the Merm company's modification.

Wahby Saw-Norman, H. Goldin, vice president of ACES, says his modified C-46 meets the Civil Air Regulations requirements except for the paragraph "which requires a modification that will stand, without modification, the impact of a 100-pound bomb when the airplane is operating at maximum cruising speed."

ACES points out this is not a requirement for the Douglas DC-4 and Lockheed Constellation and "since these have been in our knowledge as C-46s, cannot be a problem with a bid, it is felt that this paragraph can be

waived with no resultant decrease in safety standards."

CAB has extended until July 1 the suspension of the C-46 from modification requirements under the transport category of CAR. A previous suspension expired Mar. 31. Industry possibly will be given until July 1 to comment on the proposals submitted.

Frans Schelders—AEP has been flight testing its modified C-46 since Mar. 19 at Los Angeles. It will be ready for certification tests in about two weeks. CAA Administrator Fred B. Lee, in a recent visit to the coast, checked out in the airplane.

Golden says the ACES C-46 will be ready for flight testing by mid May. AEP recommends that all C-46 aircraft used in commercial service comply with its modification rules by Mar. 31, 1955.

Differences—Big difference between the two proposals is the modification of the engine and nacelle. AEP has modified the nacelle in order to add new methods of engine cooling and fire protection. This gives each engine (Pratt & Whitney Aircraft R2800-75) from 518 to 522 net power, AEP feels.

ACES proposes to replace the R2800-75s with the R2800-14s, also possessing the Conquest 240 and Douglas DC-6, in addition to modification of the nacelle. The Engineering Service from the engine can be purchased, modified and installed for \$15,000 each.

The Miami firm also wants to replace the C-46's two propellers with the Hamilton Standard TH60V-15390 for better performance and less vibration. Cost for two props will be \$7,500.

In addition to the companies here and abroad that operate the C-46, CAA is widely interested in the modification proposals. Air Force owns 570 C-46s.

CAA Studies Viscount For U. S. Certification

Preliminary out-of-house studies of the Viscount-Aeroflot, including Viscount being made by Civil Aeronautics Administration technicians while awaiting an installation from British Air Registration Board to set a test to required for a complete investigation.

Trans Continental Airways asked CAA to outsource the British transport since TCA is in the process of ordering two Viscounts at a cost of about \$750,000 each. The Liverpool airline plans to replace, for transport, other U. S. aircraft, requiring CAA certification.

Trans Continental president G. Roy Chalk has received a contract from Viscount for delivery of the Viscounts in early 60 at \$750,000. He plans to go to England in May to conduct negotiations.

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ARMA

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1953 Annual Reports

Company	1953	1952	1951	1950
Bell	\$146,823,790	\$129,131,775	\$116,000,000	\$100,000,000
Boeing	\$95,241,844	\$79,802,216	\$77,000,000	\$60,000,000
Consolidated	\$70,732,112	\$59,200,000	\$50,000,000	\$40,000,000
Curtis-Wright	\$46,728,482	\$36,151,645	\$31,710,000	\$26,100,000
Douglas	\$34,441,468	\$23,600,000	\$21,000,000	\$18,000,000
Eastman-Kodak	\$26,441,245	\$14,331,510	\$11,000,000	\$9,000,000
Lockheed	\$23,467,000	\$20,111,000	\$18,000,000	\$16,000,000
Northrop	\$20,306,131	\$14,000,000	\$12,000,000	\$10,000,000
North American	\$14,151,215	\$11,270,000	\$10,000,000	\$9,000,000
Republic	\$11,111,000	\$10,000,000	\$9,000,000	\$8,000,000
United Aircraft	\$11,151,244	\$10,000,000	\$9,000,000	\$8,000,000

Figures in millions of dollars. Figures in parentheses indicate estimated production under later contracts, rounded.

Source: Company annual reports.

Reports Reveal Air Industry Gains

Annual statements point up sharp climb in production and sales, tell progress on new military projects.

Contrasting production gains achieved by the U. S. aircraft industry last year are reflected in a survey opening in 1953 sales listed in annual reports recently distributed by Boeing Airplane Co., Lockheed Aircraft Corp., United Aircraft Corp., Curtis-Wright Corp., Glenn L. Martin Co., and Bell Aircraft Corp. By far the largest gain recorded over 1952 by any of these plane builders was made by Lockheed, reporting a nearly twofold increase in dollar sales last year to record \$53,467,000, compared with 1952's \$18,112,000.

Boeing's sales rose to the billion-dollar mark, totaling \$916,245,646. The previous year's sales were \$799,000,216. Highlights from the annual reports:

• Bell Aircraft delivered its 1,060th helicopter in 1953, and indicated the year's end, in complete liquid state, there is a million being built in more than 40 countries.

Model F-96 was approved by Civil Aeronautics Administration for 6200 operations between major airports. The Navy J-47, jet-aircraft carrier, was the dominant role of the Post World War II. Designers were awarded and construction started on the Navy's conversion project.

The company used 132 turbine sub-contractors to build 517 turbine units of components. An electronic engine control system developed by Bell and used on the Chance-Vought Republic guided missile now in progress, has received its power in 15 jet test flights in a single Republic, saving millions of dollars on three separately expendable units.

Bell produced two important liquid-fuel rocket engine contracts from two major missile builders last year. The majority of the firm's work is on con-

crete engine embodying rocket chambers, propellant tanks, all control systems, turbine pump, valves and all propellant base data tanks to the engine. Rocket engines were produced on a contract basis, including one, two and three-chamber units.

Boeing Airplane Co. is studying a replacement for a second high-speed transport capable of higher speeds than its current transport and low-speed transport.

Production rate, the company's largest single program in terms of dollar sales, reached the 8-47 transport, of which more than 600 were delivered from Wichita in 1953. 8-47 production rate, which reached their peak last year, will drop slightly this year.

A contract, in liquidation of design of the Boeing F-96 bomber, pilotless interceptor has been received.

Patent development of a booster motor for Boeing's model transport, now under construction, is under way. The amount of money and effort to be devoted to this task of the firm's activities is being evaluated.

Curtis-Wright spent \$46,978,115 on research, development and engineering activities, compared with 1952's \$35,055,000.

New sales last year brought in 18 the number of orders for C-124 transport equipment, and the Douglas Division's backlog climbed to the highest in its history.

The Pioneer Division has received a contract for a new engine-engine propeller which it is putting into production this year.

Orders for the Wright Turbo Compound piston engine brought in 25 the total number of orders since the propeller. The J-47 engine was

also under operation on USAF planes during 1953, with production scheduled for four engine types in addition to one in four other classified planes.

Lockheed Aircraft has orders for 88 Super Constellation with space and plans to deliver the transport to 17 airlines in 1954 and 1955.

Production of the Martin's new transport P-34C Martin jet fighter will be completed this spring, leaving the company with a lighter production for the last year in 1953.

The XP-104 new superjet type is under production. XP-104 will continue through 1953 in a declining rate, and P-34C transport production is scheduled through 1955.

The company says it has about 110,000 man-hours of study, construction and testing to straighten wing versus transport, and 52,000 man-hours of determining the positioning of jet engines on transport.

Glenn L. Martin climbed to the best financial position achieved over the last six years. "Substantial" differences were made to the Navy of the PSM-1 Martin missile firing test, and orders have been received for the improved, T-100 PSM-1. First production PSM-1 will be in 1954.

The first of a number of B-57A black-painted, twin jet reconnaissance planes were completed and put through tests prior to delivery to USAF.

United Aircraft's Pratt & Whitney Aircraft Division produced most power complete jet engines than in past years.

Output of 1953 is scheduled to increase this year, and production of 145 engines will start off in 1954. The 500 hp T-14 turboprop engine, then in Douglas YC-114, this engine will power a military Lockheed Super Constellation.

Development availability for the Chance-Vought PTU-1 Curtiss, scheduled for Westinghouse PM, "various" but sufficient improvement has been made to permit the Curtiss delivery to Navy and "in connection adding the pool of engines already installed and stored."

The Variable Republic missile program, from a production project to a production project with rights being made by Navy personnel in first training and operational tests.

The company says that Douglas shipments this year will be less than in 1953 and will continue government restricted P-34C engines and Hamilton Standard products are ordered for export, it will be unable to compete with foreign industry.



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New Copter Airline Forms in San Diego

A newly expanded helicopter airline, known as San Diego Airways, has applied for Civil Aeronautics Board permission to operate copter passenger and mail service over direct routes in the San Diego, Calif., area.

The company plans to compete with the San Diego Transit System bus lines for commuter traffic and act as a feeder service for airline passengers. The three planned routes would cover:

- La Jolla, Del Mar, Escondido, Oceanside, Fallbrook, Rancho Santa Fe, Encinitas and Vista.
- Escondido, Jolito, El Cajon and La Mesa.
- National City, Chula Vista, San Ysidro, Ocean Beach and Coronado.

Indications are that Lindbergh Field Municipal Airport, one mile from downtown San Diego, will be the copter base's base of operations.

The firm is headed by Charles H. Richards, a San Diego aviator. Other officers are local lawyers and attorneys.

USAF Commission To Pick Academy Site

A five-member commission to be appointed by the Secretary of the Air Force will select the site for a USAF academy.

If the commission's decision is not unanimous, it will, by majority vote, recommend three sites to the Secretary, who will make the final choice.

Congress has completed action on legislation authorizing the academy, and the United Kingdom, Australia and New Zealand.

U.K. government pushed the program by sending an invitation to a tour

party of possible sites and should facilitate the commission's task.

Seven locations considered most desirable by a House study group: Camp Beale, Calif.; near Marysville, an area near Colorado Springs, Colo.; a location near Midvale, Ind.; near San Charlotte, N. C.; and sites near Chicago and Riverside, Ill.

• **Fixed Facilities**—The academy bill passed by an overwhelming majority of 315 to 36 in the House, and by voice vote in the Senate.

USAF's request for academy funds, however, may run into difficulty in the House Appropriations Committee. Rep. John Tamm, chairman of the committee, and Rep. Frank Starnes, chairman of the Subcommittee on the Air Force, both voted against authorizing the academy.

• **Temporary Setup**—USAF plans to start with a temporary academy, located at an existing air base near the proposed site. First class of 380 would enter in July 1955, second in July 1956.

By July 1957, an 800-bed construction of the permanent academy will be in enough stage to transfer class two classes and enter a third.

Air Force expects eventually to obtain 600, or 50%, of its annual intake of officer officers from the academy.

U.K.'s Pacific Airlines Begin Reorganization

(McGraw-Hill World News)

Melbourne—British airlines in the Pacific are beginning a complete reorganization that will merge some air carriers and airlines services operated by the United Kingdom, Australia and New Zealand.

U.K. government pushed the program by sending an invitation to a tour



Colombia Gets Copters to Fight Disease

This fleet of 18 Bell 47G copters based up at front of Bell Aircraft Corp.'s Helicopter Division plant at Ft. Worth, Tex., will be used by the Colombian Ministry of Public Health to combat disease-carrying insects.

Copters will spray insecticide over the water surface near an estimated rate of 150 acres per hour. Conventional surface application methods would not approach nearly 40% more than using copters.

Facts about HELI-COIL inserts in the aircraft industry

What they are
Hel-Coil inserts (thread inserts) are precision formed coils of stainless steel or phosphor bronze wire. When inserted into tapped holes, they form permanent, non-corrosive, very good threads of matching strength.

How they are made
Threads formed in aluminum or magnesium alloys presented by Hel-Coil inserts are much stronger, therefore you can use lighter, lower, shorter cap screws for required strength. Better air flow over wing surfaces means more air flow over wing surfaces, through lighter fuselage, thinner flanges, and lighter bulkhead.

What they are for
As ORIGINAL COMPONENTS, Hel-Coil inserts are used in pumps, strainers, engine bearings, etc. They provide, too, good threads in all materials. Thus you can use Hel-Coil inserts wherever standard screws, nuts, and accessories, from the base of an engine to the injection pump.

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When conventional tapped holes are damaged in production, correct them on the line with Hel-Coil inserts. Get better than original strength with no increase in price and no need to schedule some of the work.

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When screws are stripped or broken, or stripped, or broken in service, repair them with Hel-Coil inserts. No need to change or increase in strength or to change or increase in weight.

No welding—no plugging—no secondary operations—no finished screws. Hel-Coil inserts are made in sizes for four subgroups in "Hel-Coil" or which you can select from any of the sizes shown in the chart.

How they work
Hel-Coil inserts are used as you do for ordinary threads—after Hel-Coil is used, you can use standard bolts in hand or power tools. Insert in a few seconds, secure thread protection forever. Can be used in one critical, one in place.

No extra material is required, efficient and practical.

Hel-Coil inserts improve the end product, and require no extra material.

All sizes and types
Available in National Coarse, National Fine, and Unified threads, pure inserts and thread plug inserts. They are made in all standard sizes and lengths for applications requiring Class 5, 8, 10, 12, 24, 36.

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11

because of a U.S. State Department ruling.

At Republic, Bernhard inspected F-49 production airframes and looked at new projects, including the scaled-down F-101 and the F-105.

At Delta, Durbach-Other points out by Prince Bernhard.

One of the major drawbacks in NATO defense is lack of an all-weather fighter. Looking at the North American F-86D, Gloster Javelin, de Havilland 110, and the S.O. 4020 Mustang and Mustang Mustang as the current contenders in this field, he says "one will have to be chosen."

The Dutch have decided to continue

training their military pilots in the United States because of the lack of air space in Holland. Some pilot training is done in Canada, but all activities are to be shifted to the U.S. The Dutch are paying the cost of this training.

Chicago's Midway Is Busiest Airport

Chicago's Midway Airport was the nation's busiest airport last year. Other airports in the top 10 in terms of total traffic as reported by Civil Aeronautics Administration: Miami, Los Angeles, Cleveland, Wichita, Atlanta,

New York (La Guardia), Kansas City and Teterboro. Chicago also led in handling its cargo aircraft traffic, as distinct from local traffic. Other leaders in this category: New York (La Guardia), Washington National, Los Angeles, Dallas, Cleveland, Atlanta, St. Louis, Albuquerque, and San Francisco.

There was a 6% increase in aircraft movements during 1953 over 1952. Total 1953 movements were 16,615,513, an average of 3,920 aircraft either landing or taking off every 10 minutes from airports with CAA traffic control towers.

U.S. Airlines Discuss India's Notice on Pact

State Department is continuing talks with representatives of Trans World Airlines and Pan American World Airways to determine a course of action on India's note calling for termination of its air transport agreement with the U.S. (Aviation Week Feb. 3, p. 12).

Concerned over the frequency of some both airline-India flights weekly each-India is demanding that the present bilateral agreement be ended next January. The New Delhi government wants an agreement that would permit an unlimited overseas airline, Air India International, an equal opportunity for U.S. India business.

Discussions—The present agreement was made in November 1946. It included general provisions as agreed to the capacity and frequency of air services between the two countries because India had no international airline.

As India began about two years later. The airline made a survey of the traffic situation and came up with the idea that capacity and frequency of service between India and the U.S. was far in excess of what it believed to be the requirements of traffic.

Informal discussions were held with State Department representatives in New Delhi in November 1951. They ended without solution, which prompted the formal discussions held in India from May to August last year. Each government presented its side but no agreement could be reached.

Editorial View—The Indian view point is indicated in a recent article in New Delhi's Hindustan Times, which said:

"During the last six years, a thick network of international air connections exists has come into being. A stage has now been reached where opportunity should be made available to the underdeveloped countries to make some progress."

There are at present 15 foreign airlines operating scheduled air services across India and adjoining traffic rights in this country. Between them, they

NEWS Eds NOTES

NEW LOWER COST FLOATS ANNOUNCED



Good news for pleasure operators and airplane owners comes from Eds. The aircraft in the Coast 180 class (1949-1950) provide good weight at a low price, a new float with improved performance and increased buoyancy has been developed and is now on the market.

Known as model 1870 (2000-pound displacement per float), the new float replica model 2425. They have now, generally carrying four people and greatly improved rubber bow bumpers, easily removed. They retain the famed Eds float design for maximum performance. Rubber counsel is also greatly improved.

Despite these improvements and increased displacement, the 1870's are priced at \$1,995—\$1,600 less than last year's price on the 2425's.

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The first all-metal float Navy bomber used its structural weakness built of duralumin at Akron to Goodyear's specialized skills in working pioneer alloys into lighter-than-air craft.

Methods of working, riveting and welding aircraft alloys—first devised by Goodyear's shipwrights—are now standard practice throughout the aeronautics industry.

Weight-saving Bonanza—Goodyear bonded wood with structural material designed for the deck plating of aircraft. It is now finding many uses in hulls, ribs, sole plates, bomb-bay doors, wing trailing edges and countless other applications where its unique construction affords great strength and tensile qualities.

And a feature of these ships, the giant light-weight redwood—electronically transparent laminates which house the largest sizes of airborne radar—serve a similar function on countless light-speed airplanes.

These special skills, and many more, have made Goodyear Aircraft Corporation a valued teammate to the nation's aircraft manufacturers. As a result, the more than 12,000 men and women of Goodyear Aircraft today are producing for these manufacturers everything from engine components to complete fuselage shells—including cockpit canopies, radar structures, stainless steel ducting and metal fasteners.

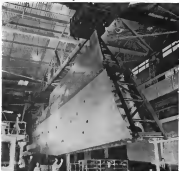
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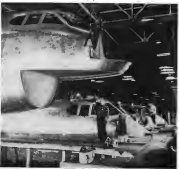
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First Views of B-52A Production



INBOARD WING SECTION of Boeing B-52A, loaded from assembly line, reveals large cut-out. Opening in center of leading edge portion will accommodate missile.



NOSE SECTION of B-52A is lowered into installation (top). Upper and lower components load with air-corrugated bulkheads will house radar, sensor equipment.

an operating air base in 74 service a week or over 30 service a day.

"It is important that there should be more control on the passage of traffic by foreign airlines. Otherwise the convenience of Indian airlines to their legitimate areas of operations would be severely jeopardized. It is the constant desire of the government of India to see that a new agreement is concluded between the two governments which would confer similar privileges to enable the airlines of the U. S. A. to operate in India in a manner which would not conflict with India's objectives."

• **Canoe, Comet Orders**—Increasing its orders and system, Air India has ordered three additional Super Constellation from Lockheed Aircraft Corp. They are scheduled for delivery early in 1955. Two others ordered earlier are scheduled for delivery in May.

Two Comet Is are also on order from the Lockheed Aircraft Co.

The airline corporations passing the Super Constellation flights to London and shifting its present Comets to Far Eastern routes.

New routes under consideration are an extension to Tokyo from Colombo and to Djakarta from Bombay via Colombo and Singapore.

Lightplane Autopilot Passes CAA Tests

An automatic pilot for lightplanes that controls flight on any selected magnetic heading and keeps on course after takeoff has been successfully tested over more than a year of flight tests by Civil Aeronautics Administration (Aviation Week Dec. 29, 1952, p. 11).

Built by Aero Division of General Aviation and Fisk Corp., Hawthorne, N. Y., under a \$14,000 government contract, the new device promises to increase safety and ease of operation of lightplanes. The prototype has been released to Aero, which will build production models.

• **Misleading Attack**—The issue unit controls the roll and pitch axis of the aircraft. When the autopilot is engaged, the plane will maintain a heading within plus or minus three degrees and an essentially constant altitude, CAA states.

A third part of the equipment is a magnetic compass system, designed to maintain the aircraft maintained on a general magnetic heading for a long period.

• **Outstanding Tests**—CAA's Indianapolis Technical Development and Evaluation Center has stated an even heavier task that, when coupled with an emergency services, will by the aircraft automatically to any CAA emergency station to which the receiver is tuned.



NEW DYNA CRIMP TOOL
New, patented DYNA CRIMP tool designed for pressing terminal caps and solderless crimp. Both Crimping tools use a standard size AMP terminal cap and press terminal cap into terminal cap. AMP terminal cap is made of copper alloy and is designed to be used with a MP's terminal cap of AMP terminal cap. The terminal cap is made of copper alloy and is designed to be used with a MP's terminal cap of AMP terminal cap. The terminal cap is made of copper alloy and is designed to be used with a MP's terminal cap of AMP terminal cap.



NOISES CENTER MUST BE INSTALLED
Should be installed in the center terminal cap, preventing a constant terminal cap. The terminal cap is made of copper alloy and is designed to be used with a MP's terminal cap of AMP terminal cap. The terminal cap is made of copper alloy and is designed to be used with a MP's terminal cap of AMP terminal cap. The terminal cap is made of copper alloy and is designed to be used with a MP's terminal cap of AMP terminal cap.



OTHER IMPORTANT PART A MP TEST
Crimping terminal cap into terminal cap. The terminal cap is made of copper alloy and is designed to be used with a MP's terminal cap of AMP terminal cap. The terminal cap is made of copper alloy and is designed to be used with a MP's terminal cap of AMP terminal cap. The terminal cap is made of copper alloy and is designed to be used with a MP's terminal cap of AMP terminal cap.



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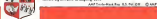
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HOBSON TEST CYLINDER in Republic Aviation's titanium studies has called this (dark area), heat-treated channel formers and fittings.



SPRINGER lathe edge area finished lat. Fitting (top) holds part in shape during stress-striving.



HAMMER is used for forming nose sections, channel segments. Later, with heating elements attached (arrow), it goes in die.



SHROUD SEGMENT formed in hammer. Two control may be checked by heating power for resistance bending of part.



CHAMFER SECTION FORMER is made from 6400-psi grade 4 titanium. It's being worked on by a lathe. (arrow) shows it's out of stock, which is separated from die by location.



LEADING EDGE SECTION is formed by a displacement in single operation.



SANDWICH FORMING SCHEME for heads has titanium alloy sheet between two faces of 601 in steel material which provide support and improve heat treatment.

learning how the material should up after fabrication into assemblies and in welded for service conditions, as distinguished from its non-temperature performance.

The approach to the problem has brought on an extensive evaluation program at Republic, which has resulted in very close liaison between the firm's Engineering Research and its Manufacturing Research. Primary purpose of this teamwork is to establish both design and manufacturing criteria. It is also a means of obtaining maximum cost projections for future production.

Republic Titanium-Engineering Research design structural parts in the case alloy, tests all components for static service conditions. It also does property evaluations, dealing with raw material and finished product.

Manufacturing Research designs the tools to manufacture the parts, especially where these tools develop from several practices. It also defines the method to be applied for parts manufacturing. Throughout the manufacturing process, this activity keeps a watchful eye on the material and selects the processes or parts for property evaluation by Engineering Research.

Working with RC-119A—First man-



TIFF HEADS have been formed in single with shims here and in multiple with a single point. Single body with 1.7 width-to-depth ratio can be made in roller-forming process.

factor and evolution of a titanium part at Republic was back in 1954. This was an engine thrust for the F-105, manufactured from Ramjet Titanium, but a commercially pure metal.

This was strictly a manufacturing research job and actually it was at that point that Republic's Manufacturing Research really was born. Following this, manufacturing has members were fabricated at RC-70 and then work

Recommendations for Titanium Working

Republic Aviation engineering and manufacturing researchers have come up with a number of general recommendations for handling titanium alloys, as a result of their studies of RC-119A. The recommendations include:

- Maximum design load values on material of any length generally is 90% for metal up to 604 in. and 75% for 604 in. and up.
- Extensive care must be observed in the shop, in the preparation of material, to avoid all surface scratches, particularly with respect to edges. Edges must be done flat longitudinally and shop corners and one edge removed, since these are points of stress concentration.
- Avoid use of metal straps, arclens, and acid etches. Marking is being done by green pencil, other stamp or mark are not. This indicates that abrasion of parts and material may pose a difficult problem in titanium operations.
- All heating operations must be under strict control for time at temperature and degree of heat applied. Time at temperature should be at a minimum, heat should never exceed about 1,310°F.
- No touch heat should be used. It is difficult to control, but spots occur.
- No descaling, chemical or mechanical, is recommended.
- Hand work should not be used to form the material. It is not recommended, is too difficult on operators, and too costly but may occur when material is in formed.

Republic Team Digs Up Titanium Data

By Irving Stone

In high-speed military planes of the near future, titanium alloys will figure as importantly as aluminum alloys did as the new player for the early thirties. The reason: titanium can't be built efficiently to the appreciable faster than they do today unless they utilize titanium alloys or other metal with equivalent or better strength/weight and thermal characteristics.

At the present working, titanium alloys do not seem to have much competition for top billing.

Look Ahead—Naturally research, design and production groups are doing ground-floor jobs in preparation for large-scale use of the metal. Within five to 10 years it is likely that all high-performance aircraft will have titanium alloys as a major portion of their makeup—perhaps 75% or more.

So fast time, today's tight supply problem for the metal should have been resolved, physical capabilities pinpointed, and manufacturing difficulties almost entirely solved, according to engineers at Republic Aviation Corp., Farmingdale, N. Y., who are deep in

titanium studies now.

The widespread use of titanium alloys will be with new knowledge of the metal, considerably different from those of today, and which surely will be developed, they feel.

Need More Data—Republic engineers are seeking extreme studies of their own alloys for application to aircraft structures, because they feel that the current amount of service data on the metals is insufficient to warrant going ahead without basic engineering and manufacturing research of their own. Republic is specifically interested in



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LONGER RUN of 100 in. pipe is fused but on 75 in. boiler. Cold forming would require job to be done on 200-ton machine.

proposed to include the vibration of alloy.

These included progressively, Bana-Cro's RC-118A sheet, Titanium Match Corp.'s T-193, then back to RC-108A in its parent form, and RC-118B (for stock). Bana-Cro material was selected because quantities could be obtained.

Republik engineers are adding that they consider the RC-118A material as good a titanium alloy as any available today.

Experimental Jobs—Details of some of Republik's experimental manufacturing with RC-118A, follow. They were submitted for Atomic Waste by R. E. Stricker, manufacturing research and development engineer.

Hot-forming generally is being used for RC-118A sheet. This is because of the increased ductility of the material at high temperatures, making forming easier. Hot-forming also minimizes effects of residual incrustation and results in a more efficient structure right after because of the smaller bend radiuses which can be obtained.

The only cold forming jobs found to be successful to any degree are in those operations requiring only straight-line bending in greatest bend radiuses (H-piles), or bending corners, etc., by cold rolling or hand-drawn forming.

The first experimental assembly completed at Republik about three months ago—a brass test cylinder 52 in. in diameter. This RC-118A structure is composed of four struts and flanges.

Cylinder Forming—This sheet (118A) is now rolled cold to conform to the conventional manner. Main problem was greatly increased springback. This difficulty required lighter roll settings and more power.

Straps (177 in.) were hot-formed to a 1 in. thick reinforcement on a corner brake. The material was heated over a gas burner mounted underneath in front of the brake. This experimental heating setup might be replaced for a production run with an electrically heated plates which would bring the piece to about 900-1000°F. after which it would immediately be transferred to the brake and formed.

Forming (104 in.) over cleaned surface wire hot formed in a simple multi-form die on a Claring press. The metal blanks were brought to



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1,000-1,000P by resistance heating (193 amp, low voltage) with electrodes attached to the extra material at the ends of the blank in the press. Heating cycle was about 15 seconds. Transfer resistance were maintained between the blank and the die.

► **Production Aspects**—This experimental forming setup could be used efficiently as a production procedure with slight modification for control and mass speed in parts loading and removal. Because electricity is fed directly to the part being formed, some degree of operator concentration might be required, Stigler notes.

Assembly methods used for the test cylinders were conventional except that a special die-hat design was developed to permit positive ease in the drilling operation and assure uniformity of holes. Holes used are standard standard good work.

Evaluation tests of the torsion cylinder currently are in progress.

► **Deep Beads/Variable** experimental study is connected with deep drawn beads. In one of numerous surface experiments used for fuselage aircraft, forming of beads with a width-to-depth ratio of 2.6 to 1 has been attempted for multiple beads in a single pass. However, indications are that ratios better than 4 to 1 will not be possible. (Ratio considered standard for multiple beads in other materials is between 5 and 6 to 1.)

Single beads (0.12 gage) with a width-to-depth ratio of 1 to 1 are being made in a rubber-forming process utilizing a female form block on a hydraulic press. A special high-temperature-resistant rubber (Hilf Deep, made by Babbitt Corp., Fairview, Calif.) is used in the rubber holder mounted on the rim of the press. This rubber material withstands the temperature of the hot sheet metal during the forming process, Stigler says.

► **Sandwich Forming**—Hot-forming of the head form piece at about 1,000 (1,400F with one operation at 1,000F) The MC 130A sheet is sandwiched between two sheets of SAE 3010 or 3020 steel (about 0.12 gage), all three pieces are brought up to heat in an electric furnace, then transferred to the press and formed as a unit.

The steel envelope allows these advantages:

- Better heat transfer is obtained in the titanium alloy sheet during transfer from furnace to press.
- Support is provided during the forming. Thus, it is believed, tends to reduce wrinkling (buckling, mostly accompanied by rupture) so prevalent at the forming temperature.

Nonwelded satisfactory parts have been obtained with this steel sandwich procedure.

The single beads formed on annealed

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- 50 kc channel spacing
- smaller — takes less room
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- automatic tuning

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SPECIFICATIONS

- Frequency Range** . . . 118.00 to 137.00 mc
Maximum Power Output . . . 25 watts
Power Source . . . 27.5 volt ac DC with separate lead grounded
- Case Dimensions** . . . 22 1/2" long, 5" wide, 7 3/4" high
Weight . . . 25 lbs.
- Temperature Range** . . . -40°C to +55°C
Altitude . . . Pressure equivalent to 15,000 feet
Radio Input . . . 100 ohm coax cable characteristic 0.25 v (rms) input at 1000 cps
 (See user manual adjustment) and accurate 1000 cps
- Frequency Stability** . . . The carrier frequency does not drift more than the assigned channel frequency for more than 0.001% under service conditions
- Audio Frequency Response** . . . Ext. thru 10% to 50% modulation

Pre-View Report to the Aviation Industry

Collins Automated Research Laboratories are completing final test on new revolutionary aviation development.

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- Collins AP-101 Automatic Radar

Flight-test reports on these new Collins developments indicate a major step forward in electronic flight. Watch for further details!

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17M-1 360 Channel Transmitter



17M-1 360 Channel Transmitter is the airborne VHF transmitter designed by Collins to ARINC 520 specifications. Collins modular construction in a single ATR case provides ease of maintenance. 50 channels, 50 kc spacing and a maximum of 40 watts power output. This transmitter was specially designed and built for VHF error-free ground communication under the most adverse flight conditions and features maximum productivity which results in high power output and high level modulation guarantees your signal into the desired receiver.

51X 360 Channel Receiver



51X 360 Channel Receiver carries ATR error-free communication in the 118.1 to the 137.5 Mc channel transmitters. The 51X is not an addition of existing equipment but is a completely new design providing for ease of maintenance and through use of new type crystal wiring circuit, allows multiple use of crystals. ARINC when are used throughout. 5 channels same way is provided and 50 kc spacing guarantees complete VHF coverage for present and anticipated needs with 360 available frequencies.

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AC STAFF: FRED STUBBS, GENERAL MANAGER; JOHN J. FORD, DIRECTOR

ing Research will be checked to see if they conform to Engineering Research's maximum allowances.

There are but a few of the items in Republic's thousands of projects. The learning curve for the carpal has been extremely steep, but the total amount of time spent on the contract, in comparison to other estimates, has been small. The fact, plus the relative simplicity of the product, is making the overall evaluation a comparatively difficult problem, Stankovich and Stepler say.

PRODUCTION BRIEFING

► **Northrop Aircraft, Inc., Hawthorne, Calif.**, has begun work on the new B-20, 600hp, jet fighter at Pomona, Calif., on a limited basis. Buildings were scheduled to be completed early in February. Full operation of Northrop-Pomona will await completion of runway and other joint light facilities in mid 1954.

► **Thompson Products, Inc., Cleveland, Ohio**, will spend \$16 million this year for expansion and modernization. A new building is to be built at the firm's Tappan plant in suburban Euclid. A new plant is planned for the company's St. Louis subsidiary, Sumner

Corp., and another one in the Detroit area. Also several million dollars are to be spent on new machine tools, automatic projects and other equipment.

► **Fuelite, Inc.**, maker of automatic control and instrumentation systems, has started construction of a new plant at 7411 Bluewing, Skokie, Ill., to provide 82,500 sq ft of floor space with considerable expansion to 132,000 sq ft.

► **Formosa Co., Brooklyn, N. Y.**, maker of wiring components and instrumentation elements, will build a 500,000 plant in Kansas City, Kan., and plans to have the new facility in operation by August.

► **Standa Canada, Ltd., Toronto, Ont.**, has been awarded by Standard Vacuum Steel Co. in a wholly owned subsidiary to supply Detroit and Quebec provinces with gasoline metal detectors.

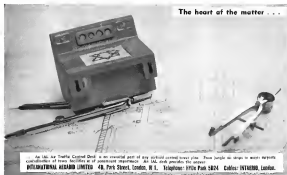
► **Meer Machinery Co., Inc.**, has secured its executive offices, 383 Lexington St., at East Fourth Ave., New York 3, N. Y. The firm expects to occupy the ground floor of the building by the end of the year, with a showroom for machine tools, and expects to add new lines of foreign and domestic tools at that time.



Air Gage Speeds Bucket Inspection

Use of an air inspection gage for surface location will save \$11,500 annually at General Electric's assembly turbine manufacturing plant, Lynn, Mass., the company estimates.

Checking 75 machining dimensions and completing final inspection on one part of the bucket, the gage is



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MAIN BODY SECTION on line shows double lift configuration



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BOOM OPERATOR'S FOB attached to aft body

C-97: Still

Boring Aircraft Co. has rolled up an impressive production record with its versatile C-97 Stratofreighter tanker, cargo loader, transport.

Last Feb. 8, the 500th Stratofreighter was rolled out of Boring's Renton, Wash., factory—the production rate was one airplane per working day.

More than 3,800 people are involved in production at the Renton plant. Also contributing to the program are more than 200 subcontractors and vendors. Ryan Aeronautical builds the entire wing fairings, tailer boom pod, floor beams and other components. Koda Aircraft makes the power pack built around the Pratt & Whitney Aircraft 3,500-hp Whop Motors.



500TH STRATOFREIGHTER rolls from Boring's Renton production line under a rate of one double-decker per working day

Going Strong

Current Stratofreighter models KC-97Gs are being delivered to Strategic Air Command. To each 45-plane wing of Boring B-47 Stratojets, 20 of the KC-97s are allocated. These serve as cargo and personnel transports, as well, for SAC units.

Military Air Transport Service uses the Stratofreighter for scheduled cargo and passenger flights across the Pacific between the U.S. and Japan. The plane also handled wounded from the Korea theater.

A Stratofreighter fitted with P&WA T31 turboprop is slated to fly late this year.

Boring also has built 55 Stratocruisers for the airlines. This is the commercial version of the versatile C-97.



CLAMPING arms draw accessories loading of Koda's pod



FLYING BOOM on KC-97 refuels thirsty F-4s



NR EVACUATION C-97 wings casualties home from the front

G.E. DEVELOPS 400-AMPERE GENERATOR TO MEET NEEDS OF NATION'S AIRLINES

A compact new 400 ampere generator requiring only six inches of cooling air over a range of 4000-7000 rpm has been developed by General Electric to meet the needs of the nation's airlines.

First application of the new d-c generator is on the Douglas DC-7. All electric power aboard America's newest airliner is supplied by four of the new 30 volt, 400-amp G-E generators.

The new generator (Model GCM240) has the highest capacity of any single-speed-range commutator unit of its size (15 1/2 inch frame). Resulting from G-E's continuous interest in the requirements of commercial airlines, the new equipment offers these exclusive features:

- **QUICK ATTACH-DETACH (QAD)** mounting flange permits installation in minutes instead of hours.
- **CLEARANCE-TYPE SHAFT** absorbs engine drive vibrations and reduces oil-spray noise to insure longer life and reduced maintenance.

• **SILIRING-RING-COMMUTATOR** permits higher speeds without commutator distortion to provide greater service life.

• **NEW COATED BRUSH**, a distinct advance in aircraft brush design, eliminates pre-filing of commutator, improves commutation, and reduces commutator temperature.

The new aircraft generator also offers these improvements:

1. Silver-plated, non-ferrous brush holder minimizes brush chatter and increases contact efficiency.
2. Solid-steel armeture banding bands securely hold and tension and prevent muds or dusts.
3. Pre-lubricated clearance-type shaft (internally lubricated) provides for increased operating life.

Whether your requirement is a-c or d-c, a single generator, or complete electrical systems, contact your General Electric aviation specialist, or write Division 250-83, General Electric Company, Schenectady 5, New York.

Exclusive features of new G-E generator on DC-7



SILIRING-RING-COMMUTATOR, withstands higher speeds without distortion to insure long service life.

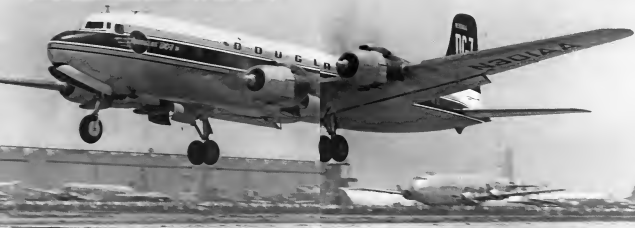


COATED BRUSH eliminates pre-filing of commutator, improves commutation and reduces commutator temperature.



QUICK ATTACH-DETACH mounting flange sharply reduces time required for generator removal or installation.

GENERAL  ELECTRIC





TCA VISCOUNT CABIN, looking like the after Butler-Zimmerman redesign of the interior, compares with . . .



BNA VISCOUNT CABIN, which is the standard interior that Valair features for the turboprop transport

Design Firm Gives Planes 'New Look'

New York consultants have finished face-lifting plans for British transport ordered by Canadian line.

By George L. Christian

Butler-Zimmerman, Inc., industrial design consultants, have completed all work necessary to remodeling the interior of Trans-Canada Air Lines' U.S.-to-Canada-delivered turboprop Viscount Vectors.

The New York consultants have handled a large number of seats, both for the window and for emergency exit seats. The job holds special interest because of its international aspect—Canadian airlines ordered a U.S. design modification to fit the interior of a British aircraft.

■ **Start From Scratch**—Charles Butler, working with J. T. Dymond, TCA's director of engineering, remodeled the Viscount's interior for BZ. The firm Aviation Week first details of the work to be done on the planes.

BZ started from scratch, with a loss of luggage, and worked out all interior appointments—head bins, hat rack, wardrobe iron and clothes, dials, floor covering, seats, overhead, seat closet, baggage bins and toilets. The galley was a TCA design on which BZ made some minor changes.

■ **Must and Can't**—The treatment of the interior emphasizes three aspects of design: make it practical; make it easy to maintain; make it smart, rest pleasing and useful; make it functionally sound and efficient.

Maintenance was reduced by using

easy-to-assemble Plexiglas, cloth, which is easy to clean. Also all passenger service areas such as call bells, reading lights and ventilation fans were consolidated in individual, hinged, easy-to-service panels.

Butler aimed to produce a pleasant, useful interior by designing the overhead overhead with seat bins, hat rack, and with easy access, choosing an "easy" carver's "H" shape to create the appearance of a well-proportioned, ship-shaped cabin, trim to the seat and comfortable to sit.

Cabin bins and an expansion of passenger seats were present considerations. Example was the narrow passageway from the front of the cabin to the two restrooms and the cockpit. The bulkhead with its only 24 in. flat Butler used a solid panel around each corner of the passageway in an easy curve, extending the cabinet an inch away from the opening on either side, and the 24-in. opening, taken on the back of a 36-in.-wide door.

Frontal aspect of the design appears themselves in simple, extra-wide, lowered hat racks, large enough to carry in abundance of blankets, coats and the like. Rack is divided into 5 ft. bins by vertical partitions. The entire rack is trimmed with an attractive, extruded aluminum binnacle.

■ **From Butler**—As originally built, each of the Viscount's 25 cabin windows was an emergency exit. This was possible

because of the unusually large window dimensions—approximately 28 in. high and 23 in. wide.

TCA felt that many exits were unnecessary and cut the number to four, two on each side. This pleased Butler, from the standpoint of appearance, because it meant he could eliminate 16 emergency window placards giving emergency exit instructions in two languages. Sixteen sets of gooseneck handrails for opening the windows were also discarded.

The Butler-designed placards kept the word "Emergency." The word is unnecessary, Butler says, and only serves to worry nervous passengers. The new placards speak for themselves without shouting, he points out.

To work the emergency exits, the panel flips up easily, thereby exposing a handle which is used to release the window.

■ **Smoking and Quiet**—Two important considerations in the interior design were the selection of strong, crystalline materials and colors that would appeal to the passengers.

■ **Darkness** will be achieved by use of Ducochrome, a Plexiglas-like base impregnated on both sides with vinyl. Despite a fireproof, impervious to moisture and temperature changes, and is easy to clean by simply wiping off.

Colors chosen for the aircraft were especially blended with an eye towards

making them harmonize with colors recommended typical of Canada, according to Butler. Even signs given those colors were chosen because of their Canadian connotation. The base base colors are Fern green, a black, ash, dark, Polka-dot grey, Bateau, a light cream used on the dials, and Celadon, a rich, dark brown used for the floor covering.

Window curtains and wardrobe curtains were especially woven—the former is an airtight velvety Ducochrome Plaid, and the latter is Ducochrome Laid, which has the traditional Canadian maple leaf design woven in.

■ **Like the** "Vestibule-Lounge" (the new cabin at the rear of the plane, the passenger faces the galley). This is mostly covered by Kalfon vinyl panels made by U.S. Plywood. (In Kalfon the color is coated on the back of a clear vinyl sheet, so there is the full thickness of the clear plastic to protect the color of the panel.)

At the right is a large pull-out cloth storage bin. At the left, a built-in galley, containing the "stowaway" seat, divides the last row of seats on the left from the vestibule.

■ **Like the** Cabin—The original head bins, with its emergency access, was replaced with a design emphasizing a sweeping face-and-chin treatment.

A flat ceiling helps to prevent the impression of length. The overhead bins and set baggage racks have gone next to the semi-circular rearward. Meeting of side wall and hat rack looks neat angle instead of embolizing curves.

Combination of an unusually low dials bin—about 15 in. above the floor—and large windows gives the passenger an excellent view.

■ **Service Panel**—In considering all passenger service areas into a single panel, Butler incorporated these features:

■ **Height at the bottom**. This allows panel to be lowered easily for inspection and maintenance. If a bulb burns out in flight, the attendant can quickly replace the unit.

■ **Aluminum construction**. The entire chassis of the panel sample. All three and other electrical units features were made by Laramore, Inc., of Chicago.

■ **Cabin Color Scheme**—Butler laid out the color treatment for the cabin floor and hat rack bins. Celadon. Fern leaf bins to dials level, padded and quilted Bateau. The walls is covered in a brown binnacle. (The padding helps reduce cabin noise level, besides looking good.)

From top of the corridor up, cabin walls, both sides of the hat rack and head bins are Polka-dot grey.

Headliner treatment was designed to create a 36-in.-wide flat panel running fore and aft. This gives a long sweep to the cabin area and helps to get away from the elongated tube appear-



THESE PLANK QUARTERS are in cabin of Butler executive DC-3 styled by BZ.



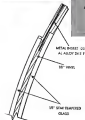
REMODELING LINE (left) shows (center) makes compact seat. Electronic gear (right) has, left middle photo) is under floor of midspanned transit



How semi-tempered, single curved Flexseal Duplate is used in the North American F-100 Super Sabre



A report from THE PITTSBURGH AIRCRAFT GLAZING FILE



The North American F-100 Super Sabre is America's first supersonic operational jet fighter. This sleek aircraft with its swept back wings has a service ceiling of above 50,000 feet and a combat radius of more than 500 miles.

Most recent T-100's side windshields are indicated in the picture as left. It consists of two pieces of 3/4" thick semi-tempered polished plate glass and a .025" vinyl interlayer. The overall nominal thickness measures .509"

The 520 sq. in. windshields measure 18 1/2" x 41 1/2". They have a depth of 3/16" with a radius of bend of approximately 14".

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area that goes with curved head-line design. Square down lighting fixture extend slightly below the set panel at intervals.

■ **New Seats**—The new seats in the T-100 are 500 lb. in weight (each double seat weighs 57 1/2 lb.) and their open area, lounge-style type design makes holding the seat over back folds forward and over collapses in a parallel-figures arrangement.

By the open seat design, air circulation is increased, giving the passenger added ventilation and comfort, Butler says.

Each pair of seats has an interior cupped down space underneath. There are six electricians between the two leg supports at either end. Armstrong Corp., Boston, Mass., manufactured the seats, which were styled by Butler.

■ **Panel**—Butler-Pennell ballistics has been upholstered in padded Fira green Dacronite. Horizontal piping is grey. From the dash line down, covering is Beaver brown.

The padded velvet padding which wraps around the window door extends forward on either side of the vestibule and includes the doors into the two living berths and the crew loading to the cockpit.

Small, edge-lit, transparent plastic signs above the seats were an unexpected. Signs were installed in such a way



SEATS for T-100 Vengeance are collapsible, give passengers extra leg room.

that no holes had to be cut through berths.

The front vestibule is indirectly illuminated and the light shines forward to keep it out of the passengers' eyes.

Two four-shaft suspension units are built into either side of the forward vestibule.

Butler saved money on the lavatory

with toilet. A standard toilet with toilet seat approx. of \$100, Butler went to a New York plastic fabricator, Double Formed Products, who made one for the toilet for about \$500, thus worked out the toilet themselves for about \$7 apiece. Units are made of an opaque white plastic, closely resembling porcelain. It gives a real appearance and is simple to clean.

To get more down, single, easily broken plumbing fixture, Butler relied on standard household water faucet fixture.

■ **Other**—Customers—Butler-Pennell has handled the same kind of job for two other commercial transports before building T-100's Vengeance. The first was Northwest Orient Airlines' Boeing 747-200s, whose interior design and color scheme were Butler's first effort involving aircraft. Next came all the Martin 4-6-4s delivered to East coast Air Lines and Trans World Airlines.

In the military field, B-70 handled the business engineering in such areas as the cockpit and crew quarters of the Martin 77M and XP-7M flying boats, and the gondola interior of the Goodyear ZP-9A surveillance plane.

Another branch of the aviation industry in which B-70 has done design work is electronic flight trainers. Among these are Navy SN-1 trainers and Air Force jet trainers manufactured by Link

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Aviation, Inc., of Binghamton, N. Y. Sizing was done by Paul Zimmermann and Butler.

The firm has handled large numbers of cooperative and executive aircraft. Its customers include General Motors, Alcoa, Thompson Products, American Can, Atlantic Refining, U.S. Rubber, Revere Aviation and Republic Aviation.

Bedier and Zimmermann, who formerly work with Raymond Loewy, the design consultant, act themselves as designers only 1948 while working on NW-1's construction. They handle a large variety of items outside the aeronautical field, including railroad car interiors and styling of automobiles.

Hermetic Sealing of Switches Described

Los Angeles—Repairs on hermetically sealed switches is increasing as the secret industry learns that designs in altitude, temperature or humidity have no effect on operation of the switch. J. G. Rorer, managing engineer at Electro-Seal Switch & Mfg. Co. told the Aircraft Electrical Society at a recent meeting here.

Pointing out the importance of hermetically sealed switches as compared with the conventional die-cast enclosed switch, Rorer cited the experiences of fighter pilots in Greenland. Failure of the landing-gear "down lock" limit switch was so common, he said, that its occurrence was reported to the control tower as "traffic emergency on landing gear."

"Any device whose function depends



USE MONADNOCK or WHITE hermetically sealed switch shown in depressed position in top photo does not prevent switch release (bottom)

Arctic Sentinels

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on fire action of small parts involving comparatively small forces should be studied," Rausser said.

He explained that previous changes due to climate will focus attention also on enclosure that is not hermetically sealed. The extremely low temperatures common to aircraft thus frame the problem with resultant sticking of the mechanisms.

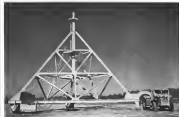
Today we have the knowledge to seal almost any device even if it requires a mechanical extension to the enclosure," Rausser said.

Early seals were made by spot welding, silver solder, solder dipping, or wire solder—none of which was completely satisfactory. He told the group that engineers now use copper bonded in an inert atmosphere to afford a strong joint that is leak tight and will remain in shape alone.

Rausser pointed out that the switch mechanism is made of steel, due to its relative low permeability and ease of fastening members to it by copper bonding. Glass leads—conductive glass due to its ruggedness—are used to carry the wires through, he said.

The last problem has been the mechanical extension to the enclosure. The solution of the problem must involve "cathodic sealed switch," Rausser said.

After many suggestions, he said, Fluorinert Seals found the answer in a Teflon seal sheath rubber bonded and which will operate more than two million cycles without leaking and which is reliable under all conditions.



Mobile Mooring Mast

New type of mobile mooring mast makes it easier to handle large Navy moored ships on the ground. The mast is loaded on to a diesel-powered trailer by means of a gantry crane assembly, which is built to give the construction greater tractive power and maneuverability in forward, reverse and sidetrack movements than electric mobile

To assure a tight seal during the life of the hermetically sealed switches, the company uses the mini-spectrometer for leak testing.

The firm's hermetic enclosures are presently being used in the McDonnell-Douglas and Vought, Convair B-56 and F-102, Douglas B-66, Grumman F-117, and others, Rausser said.

OFF THE LINE

Details have reached the engineer concerning the recent accident in which a Sabena Airlines aircraft was sucked out the door of a Convair 440 flying at about 15,000 ft over Geneva. The aircraft went to disintegrate when the green light showing the door was improperly locked turned on just shortly after liftoff. The door blew partially open and he was sucked into the airstream and hit by one of the props. Sabena's 240s do not have the integral passenger loading ramp.

Baron patent covering high-intensity receiver lighting was upheld recently by U. S. District Court for the District of Texas, the Weinbach Corp. reports. Ruling in the suit brought by Weinbach and Barton Henson, Inc., against the city of San Antonio and the H. B. Zachry Co., the court held the patent valid and ordered the defendants to pay the standard royalty of 25 cents per foot of lighted runway.

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AVIONICS

RCA View on Atomic Battery Challenged

Ordnance disputes claims of efficient power production; GE research chief protests unit's high operating cost.

By Philip Klum

Quick rebuffs have greeted claims by Radio Corp. of America that its recently announced atomic battery is the "first direct conversion of nuclear energy to usable electricity" and a potential threat to more conventional means of generating electric power. The RCA development was sponsored by USAF's Wright Air Development Center.

One of the rebuffs came from Philip E. Ornduff, who says he discovered the direct conversion phenomenon in June 1950, while employed as an Atomic Energy Commission lab. His company has been building atomic cells for several years (Aviation Week Dec. 24, 1951, p. 34).

Aerofuel rebuffs come from a General Electric spokesman, who sharply challenges RCA's speculation that large atomic batteries may some day replace conventional generators or supply individual battlefield needs.

► **Basic Limitation**—The present RCA atomic battery, which uses an indium-antimony (antimony 90) and a semiconductor (germanium or silicon) in combination, has a shortcoming, which might prove serious. Electron bombardment from the radioactive material damages the important semiconductor crystal structure upon which the battery operation depends.

RCA is currently investigating the seriousness of the damage and possible ways to prevent it.

► **Low Power Device**—If crystal damage

can be alleviated, the RCA atomic battery could find use in certain instruments and aviation equipment, such as in radar systems, whose power consumption is low and whose battery life is important. However, GE's Dr. Guy Suits, vice president in charge of research, takes a dim view of the atomic battery as a source of appreciable power.

Based on present AEC goals for aviation 90 and presently known semiconductor, Suits says it would cost \$145,000 to produce one kilowatt-hour of power by atomic battery. (Cost of generating electricity by conventional means about one cent per kWh.)

Even if logarithmic production of atomic wastes were to cut cost of about 50 to \$1 per kWh (the RCA estimate), atomic battery power would cost \$578 per kWh, Dr. Suits says.

► **Principle of Operation**—The RCA cell consists of a wafer of germanium in nature in which an impurity has been added to form a junction. The junction is similar to that used in semiconductor, but has a larger area. A thin layer of antimony-90 is spread on the semiconductor surface. Beta particles (electrons) released by the antimony penetrate the wafer, each producing an average of 200,000 "electron-hole" pairs in the semiconductor, RCA says. The process resembles the familiar photoconductor in which semiconductor electrons are released by light radiation.

In theory, specially very radioactive material could be used. Strontium was selected because it is one of the most

stablest materials reaching from 100 years down to a month, has a long life (half-life of 28 years), and because it emits relatively little shielding.

► **Battery Performance**—The present RCA cell delivers approximately one watt-hour (5 milliwatts at 0.1 volts, using 10 milliamperes (1/100 of a coulomb) of antimony. Efficiency of the present cell (ratio of electric power generated to the energy of radioactive emissions) amounts to 1%. RCA's new, smaller unit "has efficiency of 10%—appears to be a reasonable goal."

Ornduff also challenges RCA's claim that its cell "produces usable electrical power a hundred times more efficiently than any previously reported radioactive generator." Ornduff says his earliest cell had an efficiency of 0.4% and that more recent versions run 1.6%.

► **The Ornduff Cell**—The Ornduff Corp. power cell differs from the RCA and in some respects. Electricity is generated by the ionization of a gas from radioactive bombardment.

The Ornduff cell is basically a high-impedance device. The RCA cell is one relatively low-impedance source. However, Ornduff told Aviation Week that his latest patent application, now pending, covers the use of semiconductors and semiconductor in addition to gases.

His company has produced cells capable of supplying several watts at power of 4.7 volts. Ornduff says, but doubts any of its efforts to use power cells for instrumentation.

In one application, these are used to measure the thickness or density of materials. Another development, for USAF, is the design of counter-voltage and constant-current cells for reference purposes in aviation equipment.

► **Future Potential**—A qualified scientist in another company says that should limitations not limit a promising new energy source. "Secondly, the recovery and use of this energy (radioactive waste) is not expensive... (and because) much less than 1% of the total fusion energy is available in the form of radiation used in the RCA cell."

Advising that new knowledge of semiconductors will improve the output of rock cells in the future, the scientist adds that "growing a substantial factor of even a 10% in 10 is highly speculative."

► **Crystal Structure Design**—An RCA scientist told Aviation Week that he did not know how serious is this problem.



RCA ATOMIC BATTERY: Picture electron power from radioactive bombardment of semiconductor wafer. The battery's two basic elements are shown simplified at right.



of crystal damage from radioactive bombardment."

The company is investigating other radioactive wastes with lower electron velocities, which would be less damaging than strontium. One such material is cesium, an available source of hydrogen.

Acoustic Waves—The February issue of the *Transactions Research Bulletin*, published by the National Scientific Laboratories, is devoted to reports on the present state of the acoustic battery art by pointing out that an atomic automobile battery would occupy a space of a 10-foot cube, cost \$3 million, and, at today's production rate, would require an astronomical outlay for the near-term years.

Despite these pessimistic appraisals, RCA spokesmen are standing pat. They point to those who first doubted at the future possibilities of the machine and they are optimistic that future developments will fulfill present expectations.

New Power Supplies, Frequency Converter

A new frequency converter and two new power supplies, suitable for laboratory and line computers, are, have recently been announced:

- **Frequency converter**, Model 2590, delivers 60 m of regulated 1,500-ops power, operates from 90-115 v. ac, 48 cps. Output voltage, adjustable between 90 and 115 v., is regulated to within 0.1%, frequency to within 0.04% and total harmonic distortion is less than 1%, according to manufacturer Avion Instrument Corp., 601 of American Cir. & Foundry Co., 299-44 State Highway No. 12, Patuxent, N.J.

- **Regulated d.c. supply**, Model MK312, uses magnetic amplifiers, provides 15 amp. 0 to 12 v. d.c., regulated to 1% over input voltage range of 165-175 v. a.c. Ripple voltage is 1% max. at 50 v. full load, and recovery time is 0.1 sec., according to manufacturer Model MK1012 R, rated 10 amp., 10-12 v. d.c. operates from 120 v. a.c., has single performance for input voltage variation of 10%, according to manufacturer. Puka Engineering Corp., 465 Kansas St., El Segundo, Calif.

- **Precision computer power supply**, Safford Type C, uses magnetic amplifiers, is available in ratings of 1.5 to 500 v. d.c., 1-500 amp. Dynamic regulation is especially better than 0.1% for step change of v. line voltage from 95 to 135 v., or for line frequency variations of 17-43 cps. Regulation of 0.1% is quoted for step change for 20% supply load current, and ripple of less than 0.25 mv. Manufacturer is Magnetics Research Corp., 118 Kansas St., El Segundo, Calif.



BENDIX Computer Division's M6000 analyzer has capacity for 60 integers.



ELECTRODATA CORP.'s Model 220 can perform 500 additions per second.

New Digital Computers Developed

The number and type of high-speed computers available to industry continue to grow. Two new electronic digital computers, in which the manufacturers describe as the medium-price range, have been announced by Bendix Computer Division and Consolidated Engineering Corp.'s new whole-number subsidiary, ElectroData Corp.

• **Bendix Computer's** digital differential analyzer, operating in a decimal number system, can be used to solve linear and non-linear differential equations or simultaneous sets of such equations. It may also be used for integral equations, split-boundary value problems, and individual or simultaneous sets of linear or non-linear algebraic and transcendental equations, the company says. Bendix gives no price for the new computer, but says it is available.

• **ElectroData Corp.'s** Model 220 is a high-speed calculating machine capable of performing additions, subtractions and logical shifts at an average rate of 500/sec., multiplications at 120/sec. and divisions at an average rate of 15/sec. Basic computer is priced at \$175,000.

• **Differential Analyzer**—The Bendix computer has a capacity for 60 integers and an instruction rate of 300/sec. If problem requires only 10 integers or less, instruction rate may be doubled. The machine can be programmed from punched tape or a manual control panel; output (solution) is recorded on punch tape.

Bendix says that critical differential components have been derived 50% to ensure reliable operation and that external-panel plug-in assemblies are used to ease maintenance. A descriptive brochure may be obtained by writing company at 1620 Airline Viter St., Los Angeles 45, Calif.

• **General Purpose Computer**—ElectroData's smallest operates serial fashion in binary coded decimal number system. A magnetic drum, rotating at 3,600 rpm., provides a storage capacity of 4,000 ten-digit words. One section of the drum, with a capacity of 10 words, gives an average access time of



Only a **JOY AXIVANE® FAN**
can handle this Electronic Tube
cooling job at altitudes up to 50,000 feet

Cooling the above-specified tubes in airborne applications is a crucial problem because of the extremely high use. The difficulty is particularly severe at altitudes of 40,000 or 50,000 feet.

An extensive series of tests were recently initiated in an attempt to determine an effective cooling process. The tubes and sockets were mounted in pairs in special fixtures designed to equalize the air distribution for each tube. The problem was to discover a method of heat dissipation that would hold the temperature of the glass-coated nests below the design operating level.

Of all the blowers tested, only this Joy AXIVANE fan was able to meet the rigid specifications. The tubes were cooled with 25°C air at an altitude of 50,000 feet, easily surpassing all requirements.

Consult a Joy Engineer



SPECIFICATIONS

Tubes Cooled
4K1506, 4K1506
230E and 230I

Altitude
Up to 50,000'

See Model
Joy Axivane
AV-3-5-2.75-1200

Size
3 1/2" diameter

Weight
3 lbs.

Duty
60 CM or 3" WG

Motor
12V DC—4.7 Amps.

This is just one of an extensive line of AXIVANE fans specifically designed for economical efficiency in cooling electronic equipment. All are built of aluminum and magnesium for light weight, readily constructed for maximum resistance to shock and vibration, and feature the space-saving compactness inherent in vane-type designs.

Each fan can be modified to fit individual requirements for cooling all types of electronic equipment under any conditions. Let us help solve your problem.

• Joy Manufacturing Company, Oliver Building, Pittsburgh 23, Pa. In Canada: Joy Manufacturing Company (Canada) Limited, Galt, Ontario.

JOY

WORLD'S LARGEST MANUFACTURER OF
VANE-AXIAL TYPE FANS



The FV-6 Osprey designed to give the Navy a low-altitude fighter offering superior performance in ground-to-air combat and a greater range of response.

Speedy and Fast-Climbing Navy Fighter

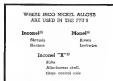
Chance Vought Aircraft's twin-jet FV-6 Osprey climbs from a carrier deck to a service ceiling of over 50,000 ft. Then the Navy fighter can level off and fly with full maneuverability at tremendous speeds.

It is a swept-back wing, tailless type airplane with vertical stabilizers and rudders in the edge of the wing. Leading edge wing slots and air brakes give it the low stalling speed essential for carrier-based aircraft.

Chance Vought Aircraft engineers provided the tremendous Clouston power by installing two Westinghouse 360 engines, with afterburners, capable of developing approximately 12,000 lbs thrust.

Naturally in airplane like the Clouston needs unusual materials—combinations of corrosion resistance, heat resistance, strength and ductility are essential for sustained operations. Inco Nickel and Inco Nickel Alloys provide just those combinations in critical locations where their special properties are demanded.

Perhaps you have a metal problem calling for special properties. Inco's Technical Service Section will gladly assist you in finding a solution. Write for the information you want.



Inco Nickel Alloys

AVIATION • 100% NICKEL • 70% NICKEL • 60% NICKEL
70% NICKEL • 60% NICKEL • 50% NICKEL
50% NICKEL • 40% NICKEL • 30% NICKEL
30% NICKEL • 20% NICKEL • 10% NICKEL

THE INTERNATIONAL NICKEL COMPANY, INC.

67 Wall Street New York 8, N. Y.

8.85 millioned. Average access time for the rest of the drive is approximately 8.5 ms, the company says.

An accuracy margin for tape storage cost can provide additional capacity, to 100,000-word increments, up to a total of 1.6 million words.

The Model 201 using its input instructions from attached peripheral equipment is from a specially designed photo-electric reader which can insert 178 decimal digits per second into computer memory from previously punched tape. Computer output can be recorded on standard punch cards, tape, or be translated on an electric typewriter.

EDC's post components are operated with under three watts, to give good reliability. Built-in test circuit, pre-programmed subroutines which can be entered to help diagnose malfunctions, and newly replaced plug-in units are other features aimed at simplifying computer maintenance.

Electronics says it plans to build for Model 201 in the year. More information can be obtained by writing for Bulletin CFC-51190. Company address: 737 No. Lake Ave., Pasadena, Calif.

New Transducers Made Available

Recently announced pressure transducers include two with variable-resistance pick-offs and one with variable-inductance pick-off.

• **Variable-resistance, Type 4-342**, available for measuring gage, absolute, or differential pressure. Absolute pressure units cover range of 34 to 178 psi, differential and gage pressure units cover range of 5 to 75 psi, for use with



maximum line pressure of 150 psi. Transducer features low hysteresis in 1% of full scale above 5 psi, 2% below, with temperature compensation over range of -65 to 250°F, according to manufacturer. Unit weighs 20 grams. For more details, write for Bulletin CFC-5194, Consolidated Engineering Corp., 201 N. Santa Anita Ave., Pasadena 5, Calif.

• **Variable-resistance, Model GPE**, available for measuring absolute, gage, or differential pressure in range of 15-50 psi, has hysteresis of 0.5% full

Indus/Elec

...another

JET-HOT FASTENING PROBLEM

solved by **Delcon**



Thermally-stable Delcon Delta Series... available in 1000 Series for high-temperature service... standard operating temp. 400° F. Screws and nuts are made of Inconel.



Delcon Delta High Temp Nut for 1400° F. temperatures.



Delcon High Temp Screw for maximum service life in 1400° F.

problem. Capabilities at Thermodyne Engineering Company, Van Nuys, California, sought special fasteners to assemble and install Delta Series on North American F-102 Delta Jet Attackers. Staff looking into this fastener problem had to withstand temperatures of 1600° F. Most were required to stay locked under extreme heat and vibration, yet provide no position on assembly.

solution. Delcon Delta Series 1400 High Temp Nuts and Delcon High Temp Screws gave them exact requirements of the critical job, and are now installed by Thermodyne to enhance the F-102 and its pilot. Nine years of service experience with millions of nuts have proven the safety, security and lock-tight features of Delcon Delta Nuts and Delcon Delta Screws.

This is another example of Delcon's long service and design experience at work—solving critical fastening problems!

DELCON FASTENERS ARE AVAILABLE IN 1000, 1400, 1600, 1800, 2000, 2200, 2400, 2600, 2800, 3000, 3200, 3400, 3600, 3800, 4000, 4200, 4400, 4600, 4800, 5000, 5200, 5400, 5600, 5800, 6000, 6200, 6400, 6600, 6800, 7000, 7200, 7400, 7600, 7800, 8000, 8200, 8400, 8600, 8800, 9000, 9200, 9400, 9600, 9800, 10000, 10200, 10400, 10600, 10800, 11000, 11200, 11400, 11600, 11800, 12000, 12200, 12400, 12600, 12800, 13000, 13200, 13400, 13600, 13800, 14000, 14200, 14400, 14600, 14800, 15000, 15200, 15400, 15600, 15800, 16000, 16200, 16400, 16600, 16800, 17000, 17200, 17400, 17600, 17800, 18000, 18200, 18400, 18600, 18800, 19000, 19200, 19400, 19600, 19800, 20000, 20200, 20400, 20600, 20800, 21000, 21200, 21400, 21600, 21800, 22000, 22200, 22400, 22600, 22800, 23000, 23200, 23400, 23600, 23800, 24000, 24200, 24400, 24600, 24800, 25000, 25200, 25400, 25600, 25800, 26000, 26200, 26400, 26600, 26800, 27000, 27200, 27400, 27600, 27800, 28000, 28200, 28400, 28600, 28800, 29000, 29200, 29400, 29600, 29800, 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the pilot and his plane



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Proven in thousands of military and commercial aircraft, AEROTEC Automatic Controls are today being specified by more and more manufacturers. These controls have passed extensive qualification tests simulating actual flight conditions in accordance with Spec MIL-E-5275 so that they can offer perfect performance under the most severe flying and combat conditions.

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Pilot Engineer

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Designers and Manufacturers of Automatic Controls—Fueler Regulating, Relief and Check Valves—Pressure Switches, Stays, Actuators, Differential and Limiting Types—Fuel Indicator, Trip, Detectors and Alarms—Single, Dual or Triplex.

scale, hysteresis under 0.5% full scale, operating range of -50 to 500°C, according to manufacturer. Unit weighs 5 oz., dimensions are 2 in. dia., 2 1/2 in. long. Gossens, Inc., 2333 Federal Ave., Los Angeles 64, Calif.

• Variable-reluctance, Model DP-5, constant differential pressure range of 0.5 to 15 psi for either gases or liquids at line pressures up to 100 psi., can be operated at carrier frequency of 60 to



10,000 cps. Device has natural frequency of 1,000 cps for operating range of 1 psi. North American Instruments Inc., 1453 N. Lake Ave., Alhambra, Calif.

Engineers Get New Plotters, Recorders

Several new oscilloscopes and plotters recently announced have application in lab and computer use. Details and manufacturers follow.

• Dual function plotter automatically measures two variables and plots their relationship in a third quantity which controls the speed of chart paper movement. Device operates from d.c. inputs. Manufacturer is Minneapolis Honeywell Regulator Co., Industrial Div., Minneapolis, Minn.

• Portable two-coordinate plotter provides either continuous, linear or discrete point plotting, such as the output from a digital computer. Plotting surface is a 12-in.-dia. concave cylinder capable of handling up to 11 x 36 in. graph paper. Device provides for auto offset and continuously variable scale expansion of both x and y axes over 100 range. Manufacturer is Librascope, Inc., 1607 Flamingo St., Glendale, Calif.

• Broadband milliwattmeter, dual channel, direct reading, pass through magnetic chamber to give device frequency response up to 15 cps., an accuracy of 5% through 5 cps., according to manufacturer. Receiver has four selection chart speeds, ranging from 15 in./sec. to 12 in./hr., can record up to 400 hours on five-mile tape without reloading. Device weighs 15 1/2 lb., comes in two models for operation from either 115 v., 60 cps. or 25 v., 4 cps. Manufacturer is Texas Instruments Inc., 6900 Lucasan Ave., Dallas 9, Tex.

• Electropneumatic plotters from a variety



TURBOJET ENGINE

TEMPERATURE CONTROL AMPLIFIERS

You must and must have completely reliable temperature control amplifiers—amplifiers designed and constructed to meet specific basic requirements of your turbojet engines, such as:

1. Efficient operation in ambient temperatures from minus 60°F to plus 300°F
2. Vibration resistance meeting a range from 1 to 200 cycles per second.
3. Operation in altitudes up to 80,000 feet through the use of hermetically-sealed components.
4. Shock-resistance shock resistant to permit installation right on the turbojet engine.

Manning, Maxwell & Moore turbojet engine temperature control amplifiers satisfy all such requirements. They incorporate a highly successful design principle thoroughly proved during years of concentrated research, development and test devoted exclusively to automatic control systems for jet engines.

We believe our ability to apply our unique design technique to specific and unusual turbojet engine temperature control problems can be of real value to you. Our engineering counsel and extensive manufacturing and test facilities are at your service. We welcome your inquiry.

MANNING, MAXWELL & MOORE, INC.

AIRCRAFT PRODUCTS DIVISION • STRATFORD, CONN. • BANGOR, CONN. • INGLEWOOD, CALIF.

OUR AIRCRAFT PRODUCTS INCLUDE TURBOJET ENGINE TEMPERATURE CONTROL AMPLIFIERS • ELECTRONIC AMPLIFIERS • PRESSURE SWITCHES FOR ROCKET, JET ENGINE AND AIRFRAME APPLICATIONS • FUEL GAUGES • THERMOCOUPLES • HYDRAULIC VALVES • JET ENGINE AFTERBURNER CONTROL SYSTEMS.

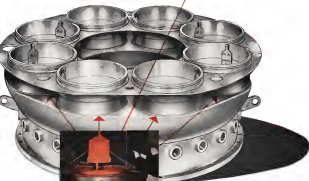


15 times longer life!

...for this **TWIGG-BUILT** turbine inlet casing

Sections of Type 310 stainless steel turbine inlet casing, formerly arc-welded, are now **NICKRO-BRAZED**.
This latest atmospheric-controlled brazing process gives the assembly 15 times the service life formerly experienced.

Nicro-Brazing is typical of the advanced metal-working techniques employed by TWIGG in fabricating stronger, lighter, precision-built assemblies to meet exacting performance requirements.



TWIGG CAN DO IT...for you!

Whenever your product requires...precision fabricating, finishing, with strength, heat or corrosion resistance...call on Twigg! Write for colored new brochure, "Twigg Can Do It."

Illustrating our complete facilities for fabricating and machining stainless steel, aluminum, titanium and other high capacity metals.



MANUFACTURING FOR AIRCRAFT:
combustion chambers, turbine cases, turbine casings, hot end, afterburners, burner supports, brackets, and other components.

TWIGG



800 P. 1-11, BEAD, INDIANA

they appeared, and date of publication. The guide is divided into sections on transistor theory, characteristics, circuit applications, installation and testing, and types. Detailed subject index is included. Booklet is available to industry engineers. Master says.

► **Resistor Capacitor Kits**—Users of solid military VHS and glass slope receivers (ARC T-11, T-1A, T-1B and R-108) can increase their number of channels to 16 with kits developed by Aerospace Electronics, Inc. The VHS kit adaptor plugs into existing crystal sockets, requires only two minor wiring changes. Glass slope adaptor requires slightly more work. Company will perform minor modifications, if desired. Address is Raleigh-Durham Airport, Raleigh, N. C.

► **Expanding Industry**—Recent evidence of aircraft industry growth include:
► **New company**—Insulated Capacitors, Inc., formed to manufacture printed circuits and complete sub-assemblies, located by Robert A. Clarke. Address is 113 Riverfront Ave., Belleville, N. J.
► **Name change**—Microtron Co. has changed its name to Computer Instruments Co., to better describe its ongoing activities in field of computer and communications components.
► **New office**—Pacific Division, Bendix Aviation Corp., has appointed C. E. Ruckstuhl as full-time East Coast sales representative for its instrumentation and related remote products. Office is at 475 Fifth Ave., New York, N. Y. —TK



Easy to Maintain

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Write for Clincher Bulletin #47, Rivet Bulletin #44 and #45. The Tomkins-Johnson Co., Jackson, Mich.

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AIR TRANSPORT

Allegheny Offers New Mail Pay Formula

- Flat mileage rate asked by feedline president.
- Present rate scale restricts development, he says.

By Richard Bales

Allegheny Airlines, oldest U. S. local service air carrier, has come up with a proposal that may help solve one of the basic problems of the scheduled feederline industry.

Leslie O. Barnes, Allegheny's 37-year-old president, vice, Civil Aeronautics Board member to determine the company's pay on a flat mileage basis instead of the current sliding-scale formula used for local service airlines.

"We are not asking any more and pay than that formula by CAB," he says. "We are asking airlines of the formula which tends to limit the operation of developmental and experimental service."

• **Flattening Averages**—"Such service as a local responsibility under the local service program and should not be subject to restrictions beyond forecast mail pay requirements," Barnes says. "Under the present formula, the company has little alternative but to reduce developmental service to a minimum."

Barnes says the "flat mileage rate would place the responsibility for the operation of additional service on mail payment rather than a formula and would permit more intelligent planning of future operations."

Allegheny's current mail rate was designed to yield a profit of approximately \$136,000 in 1973. Actually the company's profit was only \$5,714 due to developmental scheduled operations and the practical effect of the mail pay formula, the airline president points out.

For on a flat mileage rate, says Barnes, "Allegheny could develop more representative profit and, at the same time, provide substantially increased service at no additional cost to the government."

• **Significant Proposal**—Barnes proposes a measure that is not so simple as the local service transport industry. He told AVIATION WEEK it would be one way to stop the major part of the feedline industry from adhering to the Board for additional mail pay.

"There is no element in the mail rate formula whereby mail payments are progressively reduced for each mile op-



DC-3 REPLACEMENT, cheaper to operate and with more seats, is needed, says Barnes.

erated beyond the base stipulated in the mail rate table," he says.

"Proposed for enough, this element dictates a load factor controllable with DC-3-type aircraft. When the element is combined with the avoidance of relatively unproductive additional route sales, adjustments in the mail rate are required," he said.

• **DC-3 Airlines**—Allegheny, like other local service lines, is a DC-3 airline, owning a fleet of 33. Unlike the others, however, Allegheny has not been plagued with unproductive mileage in addition to the base stipulated in its

mail rates. It flew more than 370,000 mi of developmental routes during 1973 at no cost to the federal government.

If the difference is the great between the base mileage specified in the mail rate and that applied to under-qualified service over the route, then adjustments in the rate are required, Barnes contended.

• **Three Factors**—"As we understand it," he says, "permanent mail rates of the local service carriers contain those elements having a direct bearing on mail pay requirements. These are: base mileage, load factor and mileage in excess of base mileage."

"As the mileage specified exceeds the base mileage stipulated in the mail rate, progressive reductions are made in mail payments. It is proposed that this be a safeguard against a carrier operating excessive or unproductive mileage in actual practice, the third element in the formula acts as a penalty for each mile operated beyond the base miles."

Allegheny's president does not suggest that the base mileage for which mail pay is received should be increased consistently with an increase in conductive route mileage. He recommends one of two alternatives:

• **Mileage penalty provision** should be completely eliminated from the formula on these grounds. Airline's experience already exist, against excessive mileage, it tends to stifle or retard development of increased revenues in an airline's route; it forces a carrier into



LESLIE O. BARNES, Allegheny Airlines

and rate hearings that otherwise would be unnecessary and, at the same time, increase the work load of the board.

As the need is shown for additional capacity as evidenced by a high load factor on an additional package is certainly in a hurry, the point at which you can reasonably expect to arrive automatically should be intended beyond the time to an extent consistent with the requirements.

Trunk-Trunk Mergers—The day is coming, "probably within the next few years," Roney says, when air transportation will be divided between the trunk and local service airlines.

"Smaller trunk carriers," he predicts, "will be absorbed through mergers or consolidations with the major trunk carriers. The trunk carriers probably will remain."

"At the same time, the nation will be divided into seven and possibly as many as 10 regions served by a single local service carrier in each region. In this way substantial economies may be made in the reduction of indirect operating costs of the local service carrier."

Although the point is supported by the Board, the primary evidence, says Roney, "must come from the local service carrier." In this way almost identical requirements have \$15 million (possibly) will be reduced, he claims.

DC-3 Requirements—Complete identification of safety requirements, he says, accurately must await the use of one or more production equipment.

A heavier of a suitable replacement for the DC-3 now is a "major stumbling block to truly significant progress," Roney points out. "On some requirements of Allegheny Airlines, the inability to provide more seats unquestionably has had an adverse or discouraging effect on public acceptance of local service as we see it."

Although the DC-3 has been the local

service airline's workhorse, it is now getting too expensive to operate, the Allegheny chief executive warns. At low costs Allegheny 24 rents a seat to operate the airplane. Because the airplane parts market for DC-3s is drying up, he reports it may go to 28 cents now.

"As long as we operate the DC-3," said Roney, "we will never be without a job."

Foreign Market—He says the Cessna 140 and the Martin 2-02 are not local service airlines transports because they are too expensive to operate. Helicopters still are due to 40 years old for Allegheny's purposes, Roney adds, and development equipment such as the DC-4 requires repair and major substantial funds thus many of the airports the feasibility now.

Only immediate solutions may lie in the foreign market, where several DC-3s are being built, he says.

Restrictions—Another factor depriving local service airlines of their quality development, Roney says, is the "unreasonable placed on local service schedules between terminals and intermediate points where such restrictions have been established for the protection of the trunk carrier should be removed."

He points out that the freedom have turned over roughly \$20 million in business to trunk airlines that fit.

Confident of Future—On the occasion of Allegheny's 40th year of scheduled passenger service last month, veteran Roney executive Roney voiced optimism in the future of the local service business.

"The growth of Allegheny during the last five years is a testament to the cooperative efforts of the community and the employees of the company. On the basis of current trends, Allegheny will achieve an even greater record during the next five years."

Ryan Offers Solution To Feederline Profits

Civil Aeronautics Board member Donald Ryan says profits of local service airlines might improve if they are saved higher interline competition for the cost of transporting traffic that will transfer to long-haul carriers.

This organizing cost is not duplicated by other airlines that carry the passengers, he points out.

"It is the general practice in the case of a local service carrier which requires a long-haul, interline passenger to absorb the passenger's fare on the basis of mileage," Ryan adds.

Increased Revenue—Management of the local service lines has been good "with very few exceptions," he reported in a speech at Purdue University.

They have increased steadily their commercial revenues and until 1951 were successful in accomplishing a progressive reduction in their unit operating costs, the Board member reports.

"But the greater income is operating expenses which has outstripped their revenue since 1951," says Ryan, "has more than absorbed the steady increase in revenues which they were able to accomplish."

He says two factors create this condition:

• Substantial expansion in the volume of their operations, resulting from new routes added to local service system and new long-haul routes added to operations.

• Increase in labor and materials costs, including the price of gasoline and aircraft tires.

"There would be no problem in the equitable distribution of the passenger organization cost in the case of such variable traffic if all participating carriers transported the passengers approximately the same distance," Ryan says.

"Under these circumstances, the extra cost burden falls on-line passengers going to other carriers would be approximately balanced by the cost savings from all line passengers originated by other carriers."

Long Beach Opens Passenger Heliport

Long Beach, Calif.—First passenger helicopter in Southern California has been dedicated here with the opening of the new Long Beach Municipal Heliport.

The heliport will be one of the first terminals for Los Angeles Airways when the airline begins passenger service later this year. Meanwhile, it will be used for mail and express service.

Worth Defending



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DC-7 Uses Landing Gear as Speed Brake

Dallas-Fort Worth—Douglas DC-7 demonstrates how this transport can extend its landing gear to slow its speed if unexpected turbulence is encountered or its landing system right before landing down at destination. The landing gear and doors are

designed to permit extension at 300 mph in less than 10 sec. The gear is fully extended at 25,000 ft and more than double the plane's drag when they are opened. With these open brakes down, the DC-7 can descend at 4,500 feet per minute.



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TWA to Lease New \$18-Million Base

Trans World Airlines has signed a lease with the city of Kansas City, Mo., for an \$18-million overhaul lease to be constructed at the city's new industrial airport site in Platte County, 16 miles northwest of the municipal airport.

The center here is scheduled for completion within two years, but TWA plans occupancy and use of the engine overhaul shops by September of next year.

Overhead, TWA Facilities will consist of three main buildings—main overhaul and office building, engine overhaul and warehouse structure, and a test cell building.

The main overhaul and office building will be the largest, measuring 515 by 515 ft, with a three-story office and shop section in the center. The two-level engine overhaul structure will run 515 by 96 ft, while the test cell will be 515 by 515 ft. The latter will include no engine test cells, three control and accessory rooms and a sales representative test room.

\$317 per sq ft—according to TWA's agreement with the city, the company will rent 135 acres of the 4,700-acre airport at an annual ground rental rate

of \$217 per acre, or \$2,142 per acre. The airline will pay the city \$200 per acre for the full cost of the airport, along with a monthly rental fee of \$100 to another cost of construction and the government of facilities over the 10-year period.

Leasing fees will be required for both scheduled and unscheduled flights, based on aircraft weight and number of landings.

The TWA-city agreement is contingent upon these conditions:

- Completion by Apr. 30 of a feasibility study by an outside agency, which will outline the reasons the airline can expect to realize through an enlarged and more efficient overhaul base. Such a report is necessary before bonds can be sold.
- Availability of bond money, because construction will be financed by sale of revenue bonds.
- Working of construction completion and occupancy deadline set down by TWA.

Postal Air Policies Up for Study

Senate committee to review entire airmail problem, including postage rates and carriage of first-class.

By Katherine Johnson

Airlines have a big trick in the comprehensive re-evaluation of postal policies planned by the Senate's Post Office and Civil Service Committee in the near future.

One major issue to be considered is whether all one-class, first-class mail should move by air. Hearings are scheduled to start Apr. 15, with government witnesses.

Key Committee-Office key man, the chairman, headed by Sen. Frank Carlson, is trying to solve.

Who should set postage rates—Congress, at present, or the Post Office Department? The transportation problem is then and has been widely blamed for the increasing postal deficit. Congress has been reluctant to limit postage rates to increase postal revenue.

What criteria should be used in setting postage rates? Post Office now allocates its overhead among the various classes of service, and increases postage rates sufficient to cover a balance between the revenue and expense of such class. But Post Office's allocations have been called unethical.

Airlines charge that the air service accounts for too great a portion of the overhead, and Post Office has used this to justify higher airmail postage rates.

Should Civil Aeronautics Board or Post Office set rates paid on airmail for transporting mail? As a purchase, Post Office wants a free hand to bid for the best rate it can get.

Airlines already are greatly concerned over the 15-16-cent rate the department has begun for an experimental route for shipping three-cent surface mail by air on a "space available" basis over New York-Chicago-Washington routes. The fact is that all surface mail over there must be going by air.

The mail volume from New York to Chicago is 96 tons daily. But the entire capacity of only two airlines, United Air Lines and American Airlines, be-

comes these two points in 130 tons daily. The "premium" given the airmail letter has no meaning.

Airlines are fearful that when it becomes generally known that all three-cent mail is going by air, purchases of airmail stamps for shipments over that experimental route will end.

If it is decided that all one-class, first-class mail should go by air, should the postage rate be five or five cents an ounce? Airlines favor the five-cent rate. However, there is strong pressure on congressmen against increasing the first-class postage stamp and making available only a first-class stamp.

Opinion on Capital Hill inclines toward a five-cent rate. It is believed that citizens would go along with a five-cent rate by the better service. In addition, the Administration's plan is to lower the three-cent surface rate to four cents.

Airlines, on the other hand, are apprehensive that low revenue under the five-cent rate might be used as a weapon to beat down rates paid carriers.



NEA Starts All-Cargo Flights

Northeast Airlines has started all-cargo service on the New England route, using a recently acquired C-47 that will take up to six tons of freight, the airline reports. The plane will be used on special scheduled charter flights that can be fitted into scheduled

On Apr. 1, Canada set a precedent by issuing airmail stamps for airmail delivery of first-class, second-class and by air at a first-class rate.

If the two classes of first-class mail—air and surface—are combined, should airmail postage rates be based on rates for surface mail? That is the Administration's proposal, already approved by a majority of the House Post Office and Civil Service Committee. It will be challenged on the House floor and face stiff opposition in the Senate Post Office Committee.

Should helicopter mail service be continued? Post Office, which has tried that the service is too costly for its value, is expected to recommend discontinuance.

Coordinating Reports—The Senate committee has two lengthy and conflicting reports as a basis for its hearings on postal policy.

A 38-page report by an advisory committee established a year ago. The group included Robert A. Taft, ex postmaster of Eastern Air Lines.

A 338-page report by the Post Office Department, making most of the findings of the advisory council.

The advisory council's report presents Air Transport Union's warning for shipping the first-class mail by air and showing the nation's ability to handle the volume (Airmail News Feb. 1, p. 67).

The committee made no recommendations on the proposal.

The Post Office report on shipment of surface mail by air "will be further extended if experience points it feasible," it adds.

The purpose of the plan is not to provide the transportation in such, but to carry out a policy of reducing such facilities where they would provide a more efficient and economical service than would be available through the

also. President, the transport is being New York-Boston, Portland, Me.; Manchester, N.H.; and Worcester, Mass. C-47 schedules are conducted with other airlines on flights out of New York and Boston. NEA is scheduled to start C-47 flight service Apr. 1.

PAA's New Double-Duty 377s

Pan American World Airways has introduced two major modifications on portions of its Boeing Stratocruiser fleet to provide:

- Combination first-class and second-class passenger layout, the new scheme on a number of the airline's Pacific routes (Airmail News May 22, p. 68).
- Luxury accommodations for first-class flights on trans-Atlantic routes.
- Quick turnaround—in the combination first-class-transit configuration, PAA has made two separate sections through use of a sturdy partition between the aft and forward portions of the plane. By changing the position of this partition and lifting the seat title, it is possible to convert the aircraft quickly to four different seating arrangements

to meet any fluctuations in travel trends. All portions are reserved for first-class passengers, while the forward section is occupied by transit from first-class passengers have separate dining room facilities, a 46-1/2 baggage allowance, exclusive use of the lower-deck lounge, meals with champagne and dinner wines and Kleenex service.

Transit passengers received complete auxiliary meals and a baggage allowance of 44 lb.

The seating conversion can be accomplished during the time aircraft is on the ground at stopovers along coast and central Pacific routes, says PAA.

Stratocruisers—The new transatlantic on Atlantic routes will carry a package of \$125 and will be available for single

use of surface transportation facilities.

■ **Red Foundation:** The Post Office report supports the department's request, made last year in testimony before the Senate Appropriations Committee, that it be left to bid with tenders or certified freight carriers for mail transportation and permitted to ship at the least reasonable rate over routes on which scheduled airlines have different mail pay rates set by CAB. "The Post Office will not have the problem," it predicts, "in purchasing the fastest and cheapest transportation," the departmental experts.

It can do a better job of it than that right? The Congress, by increasing bond power and the consumption of the General Accounting Office via pass-out act. (Prior to the 1948 CAB act, airlines were helping for mail contracts below cost, simply to secure operating rights).

The department reassured legislation is being drafted "which would make it possible for us to negotiate the lowest rates with both airlines and surface." ■ **Opportunity View:** The advisory council supports the setting of postage rates by Congress. This Post Office view is "adequately" to make airlines to adjust postal rates whenever significant changes occur or are expected to occur at cost levels, with the objective that rate changes shall take place concurrently with such cost changes. "It proposes a minor but an independent consideration before the rate changes become effective, to ascertain that the action will be in conformity with principles laid down by Congress."

The advisory council concurs with the advice portion that Post Office's cost reimbursement system largely is good work and should not be referred to as decreasing rates.

A study made by the council by Price-Watchdog and Co., an accounting firm, showed that simply by changing the allocation formula it could be demonstrated that first-class mail today then would be a deficit of \$144 million in fiscal 1952—instead of the Post Office's statement of a \$14-million profit.

Airline was taken over as "subsidy or service" and "what the traffic will bear" and is prejudicial to determining postage rates, and the advisory council supports this on this view. Although not existing, these errors, airlines have some relief from Post Office's reimbursement.

"For example," one airline spokesman states, "a letter carrier application was issued letter of 1,200 weight in mail letters on his route, but the cost of his service is divided fifty-fifty between the airline service and the regular mail delivery."

■ **How Thru Post Office:** However, it wants to plug in the cost reimbursement

Western Promotes Rail Travel

Travelers on Western Air Lines last week found a somewhat unusual folder in the provision box at their seats. It urged them to travel on Western Pacific Railroad.

The colorful folder was part of a cooperative promotion plan to increase air travel to the West.

Western and Union Pacific, combining their resources, have issued travel books to promote the heavy traffic area of Las Vegas, Denver, Dallas and Lake Mead.

■ **Advantages by Rail:** Attractive fall color scenery produced by Union Pacific to boost the railroad's winter area are being placed on each Western airplane, distributed through WPA, ticket offices and mailed by the airline to its patrons throughout the West.

The booklet emphasizes the advantages of travel by rail, outlines and includes the Las Vegas area and lists UP ticket offices in the nation.

System and objects in its report that there is no railroad way by which these advantages (such as "value of service") can be measured.

Despite the possibility that airmail service was developed with general development, the service showed a profit of \$77 million in fiscal 1951.

This was after deducting \$48 million in airline subsidy, which Post Office no longer has to pay. The deficit before the deficit for the fiscal 1951 was \$141 million.

On helicopter service, the Post Office report concludes:

"It is fairly and properly only to the public in these transportation costs. We see no reason why it is necessary. Accordingly, we are making a survey to determine comparative costs of surface and helicopter transportation. If the advantages do not outweigh the basic surface costs, we will let the helicopter service. On the other hand, we will be able to establish standards leading to the proper choice of this type of service in the future."

McCarren Bill Asks Nonsked Regulation

Sen Pat McCarran recommended economic regulation of non-scheduled airlines as hearings opened last week before the Senate Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee. The bill, which would amend the Civil Aeronautics Act, is H.R. 1775.

It would have the effect of providing that the Board be made up of five members, four of whom would be appointed by the Senate and one by the House.

It contains a copy of the UP routes and color photos of Union Pacific steamships.

■ **Stations:** Stations—To the board, Western has attached the color map.

"This folder on folders Las Vegas and the Hooper-Dan-Lake Mead area is a copy of the folder on the hope of introducing you to a top to Las Vegas. Those of you who don't go via Union Pacific will be very well served by the Western Air Lines' list, frequent flights to Las Vegas."

But D. L. Loom, advertising and public relations director for WPA, says the new plan of a "secret" guide on the part of the two transportation companies because they are both interested in building the West.

Western operates 24 flights a day to and from Las Vegas.

Board be directed to issue regulations of convenience and security economic, schedule, operating on the same basis that such regulations are issued to the scheduled air carrier, McCarran said. "We cannot have an industry half-scheduled and half-unscheduled."

■ **Testimony:** Delayed—Testimony by government witnesses on the McCarran measure is being delayed a few weeks due to the routing of the bill to the Senate.

He said that statements by Administration spokesmen be postponed until a review has been made of the coming report of the Civil Aeronautics Commission on its report of May 1.

As a result, the committee canceled appearances scheduled last week by Chas. Gurney, CAB chairman, Robert M. Moore, Undersecretary of Commerce for Transportation, Fred Lee, Civil Aeronautics Administrator, John Allen, Assistant Administrator General for Transportation, Thomas Moran, Assistant Secretary of the Civil Aeronautics Administration, and Harold Talbot, Secretary of the Air Force.

Sen committee members attended the opening session. Sen. John Bricker, chairman, Andrew Schuyler, John Bricker, Undersecretary of Commerce for Transportation, John P. Jones, and Mike Mansfield.

■ **Accuse for Envoys:**—Manufacture the standards are not covered by the 1938 Civil Aeronautics Act that be established by the Board, says H.R. 1775.

"It would have the effect of providing that the Board be made up of five members, four of whom would be appointed by the Senate and one by the House."

deliberations since the end of World War II.

■ **By asking to visit a definition of an irregular carrier, they have made it difficult for a common-law operator, who heavily relies to run an irregular service, to know whether he is operating within the law or not. In the same way, they have opened up an avenue for critics of the law, of which great advantage has been taken.**

■ **Development:**—McCarran based the development of aviation since enactment of the 1938 act.

■ **Airlines served 189 domestic points in 1938, 379 now today.**

■ **Pass Airplane Average:** 90 points in 1938, U. S. international airlines are serving 169 points at the present time.

■ **The airline capacity of the U. S. scheduled commercial fleet has multiplied from approximately a million tons in 1938 to 16 million.**

■ **Capacity growth by the domestic and international airlines has increased from 2.5 million tons in 1938 to 25 million tons today.**

■ **Domestic aircraft weight has increased from 7.4 million tons in 1938 to 74 million tons today. International aircraft weight has increased from 300,000 tons in 1938 to 3 million tons today, while the cost has dropped from 530 per ton-mile to no more than \$1.35.**

■ **Transportation Schedule:** The witness scheduled to appear before the committee.

■ **Apr. 12—Elmer Galt, president of Transportation for Association of American Airlines, Inc., Joseph O'Connell, North American Airlines Council.**

■ **Apr. 13—Edward G. Conner, president of American Air Lines.**

■ **Apr. 14—H. D. Johnston, executive director of Air Coach Transportation Company, Robert Clark, National Air Freight Forwarding Corp.**

■ **Apr. 15—James A. Bolger, president of American Association of Airport Constructors, Stuart Tjotta, Council for Air Transportation.**

■ **Apr. 16—W. A. Patterson, president of United Air Lines, Joseph McKeown, United Airlines, and A. B. McKeown, executive director of National Association of State Airlines Officials, January 1951, president of Independent Military Air Transporters, A. G. Moore, president of Freight Forwarders Association, Robert Ballou, executive secretary for Society of American Pilots.**

■ **Apr. 18—L. R. Fleckner, executive vice president of Transport Air Corp., Apr. 19—President of the National Association of State Airlines Officials, January 1951, president of Independent Military Air Transporters, A. G. Moore, president of Freight Forwarders Association, Robert Ballou, executive secretary for Society of American Pilots.**

■ **Apr. 20—L. R. Fleckner, executive vice president of Transport Air Corp., Apr. 21—President of the National Association of State Airlines Officials, January 1951, president of Independent Military Air Transporters, A. G. Moore, president of Freight Forwarders Association, Robert Ballou, executive secretary for Society of American Pilots.**

Aviation Corp., Continental Airlines, Miami Airline, Transair Air Transport.

■ **Apr. 22—C. R. Smith, president of American Airlines, Robert A. McKeown, vice president of Eastern Air Lines, Charles F. Allen, director of National Aviation Trades Assn., William East, president of Flight Engineers' International Assn.**

■ **Apr. 23—B. H. Hertz, president of Aircraft Division and Pilot Assn., Clarence Hayes, president of Air Line Pilot Assn.**

CAB ORDERS

(Mar. 28)

SUSPENDED

Canadian American Lines' letter of regulations.

■ **Technical Committee:** Inc. letter of regulations.

■ **Trans Air:** Hertz letter of regulations.

APPROVED

■ **Technical Committee:** Inc. letter of regulations.

■ **Trans Air:** Hertz letter of regulations.

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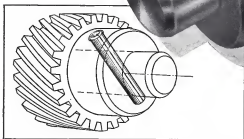
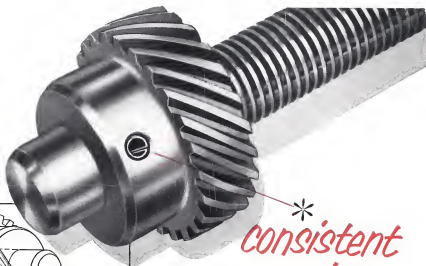
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